

# Morphomic properties and the interface of syntacticosemantic content with morphological form

Gregory Stump  
University of Kentucky

University of Leipzig, July 8, 2015

## **Morphosyntactic properties:**

grammatical properties to which morphology and syntax are both sensitive

## **Morphomic properties:**

grammatical properties to which only morphology is sensitive

## **Morphosyntactic properties:**

grammatical properties to which morphology and syntax are both sensitive

## **Morphomic properties:**

grammatical properties to which only morphology is sensitive

What is the logical conclusion to which this distinction should be taken in linguistic theory?

**Morphosyntactic properties:** grammatical properties to which morphology and syntax are both sensitive

**Morphomic properties:** grammatical properties to which only morphology is sensitive

I shall argue that this distinction implies a grammatical architecture in which **inflectional paradigms function as the interface of syntacticosemantic content and morphological form.**

# Talk outline

1. Syntagmatic compositionality
2. Paradigmatic compositionality
3. The dual role of cells in paradigm-based theories of morphology
4. The cell interface model of semantic interpretation
5. Kashmiri conjugations
6. The paradigm linkage model
7. Hua verb agreement
8. Summary

# 1. Syntagmatic compositionality

## Syntagmatic compositionality

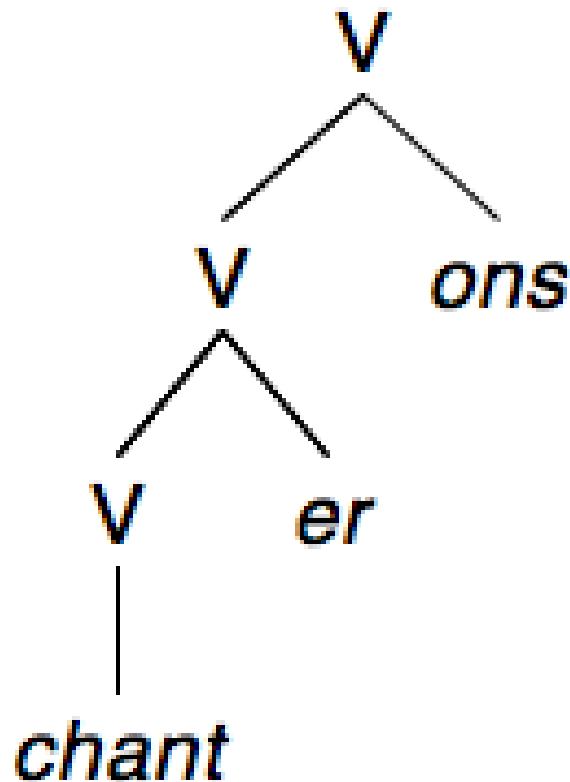
Traditionally, compositionality is a syntagmatic notion.

A complex expression is compositional if its content can be deduced from that of its parts and the manner of their syntagmatic combination.

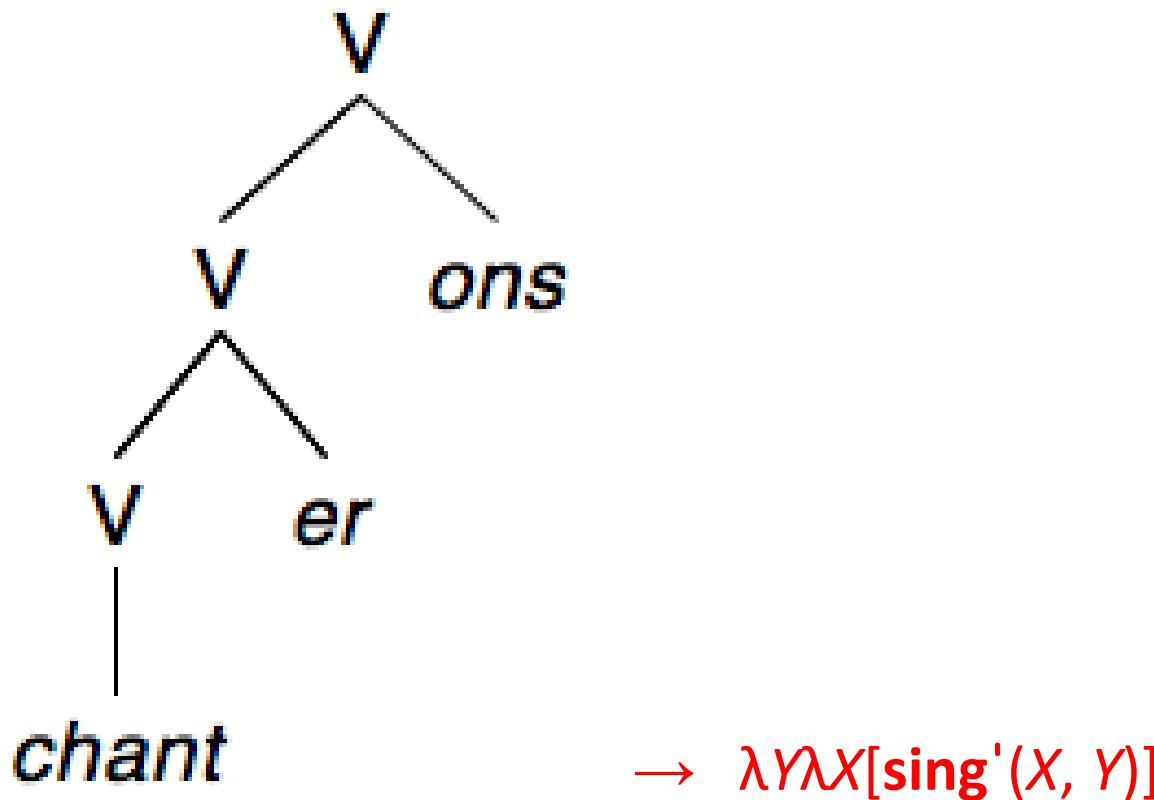
Many word forms seem to exhibit this sort of compositionality.

French *chanterons* ‘we shall sing’

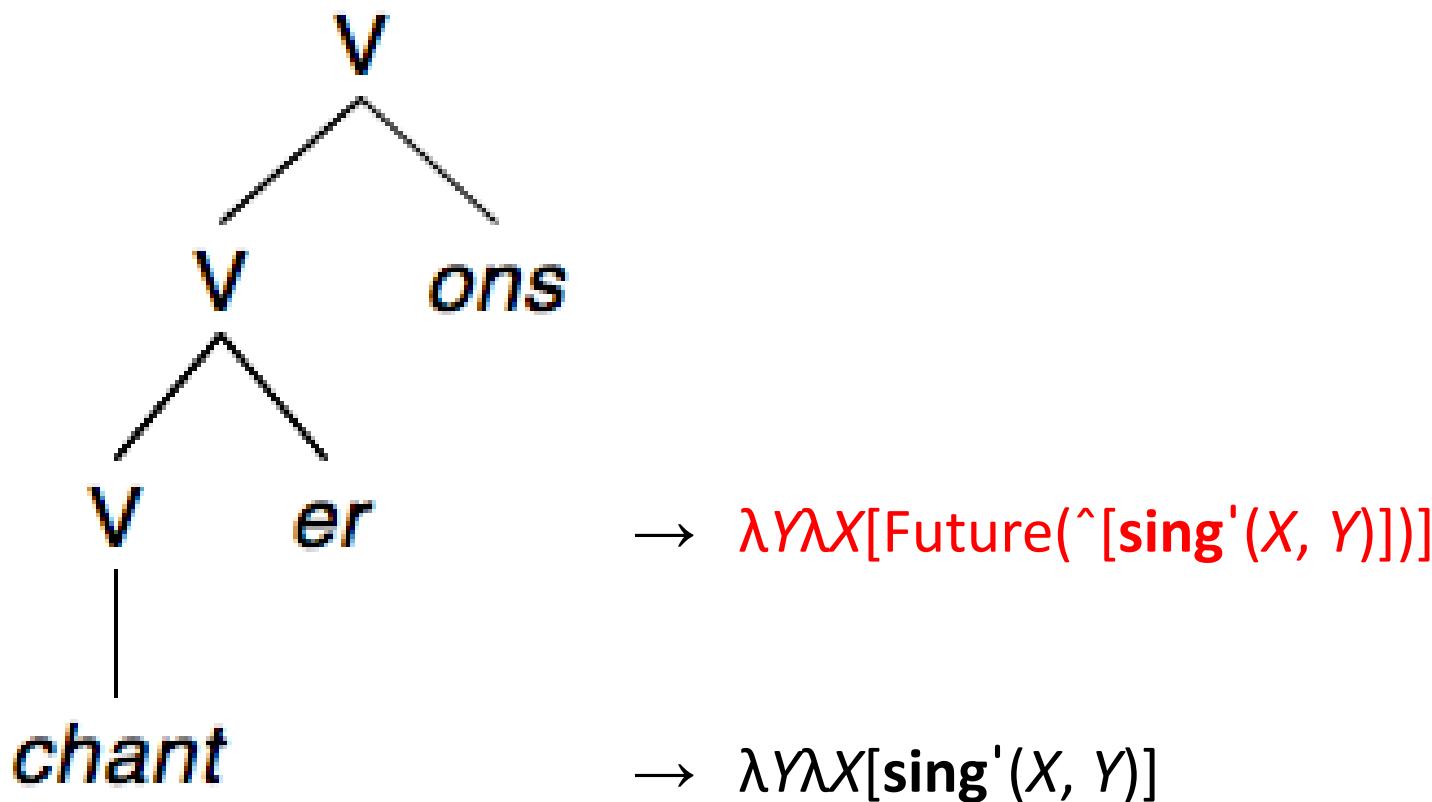
French *chanterons* ‘we shall sing’



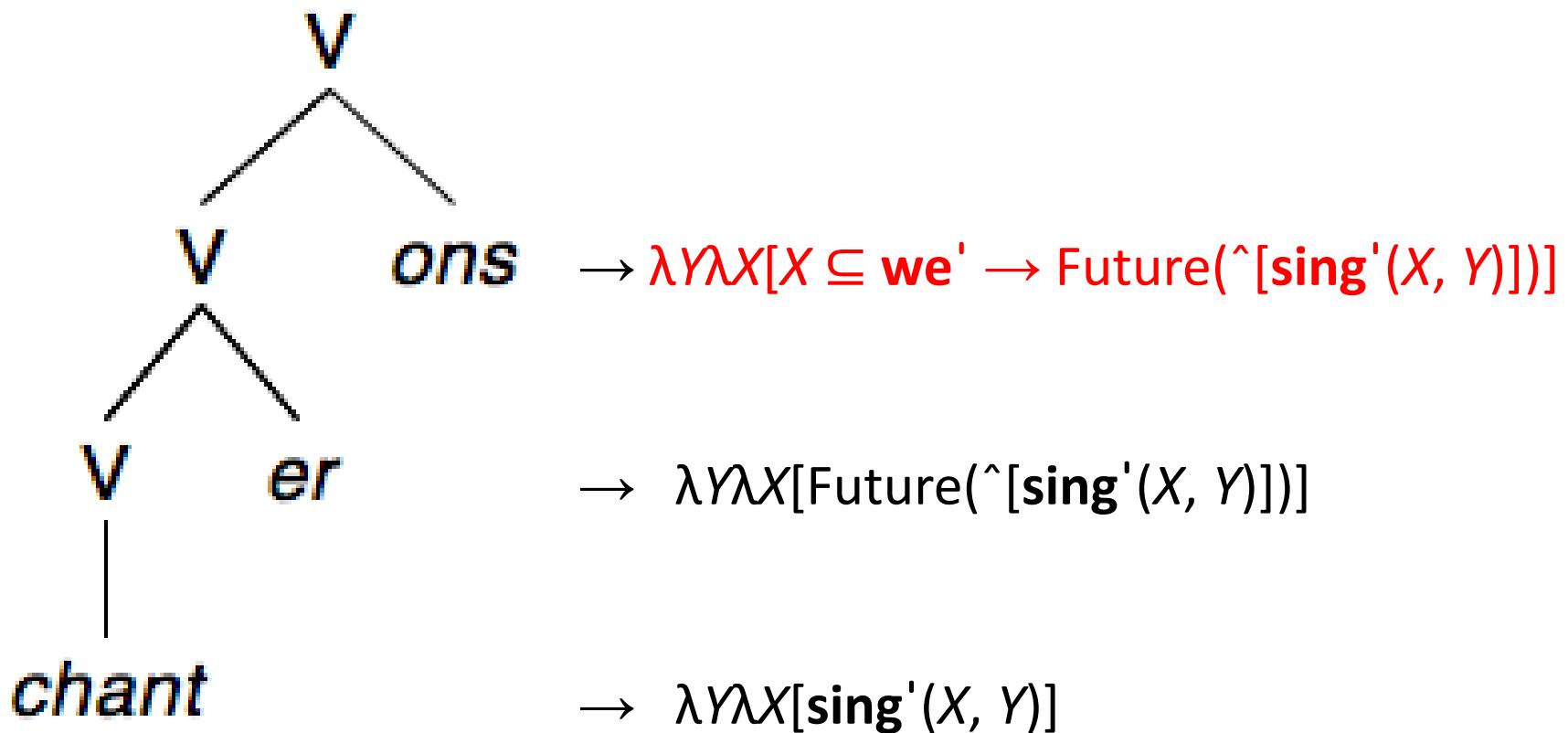
French *chanterons* ‘we shall sing’



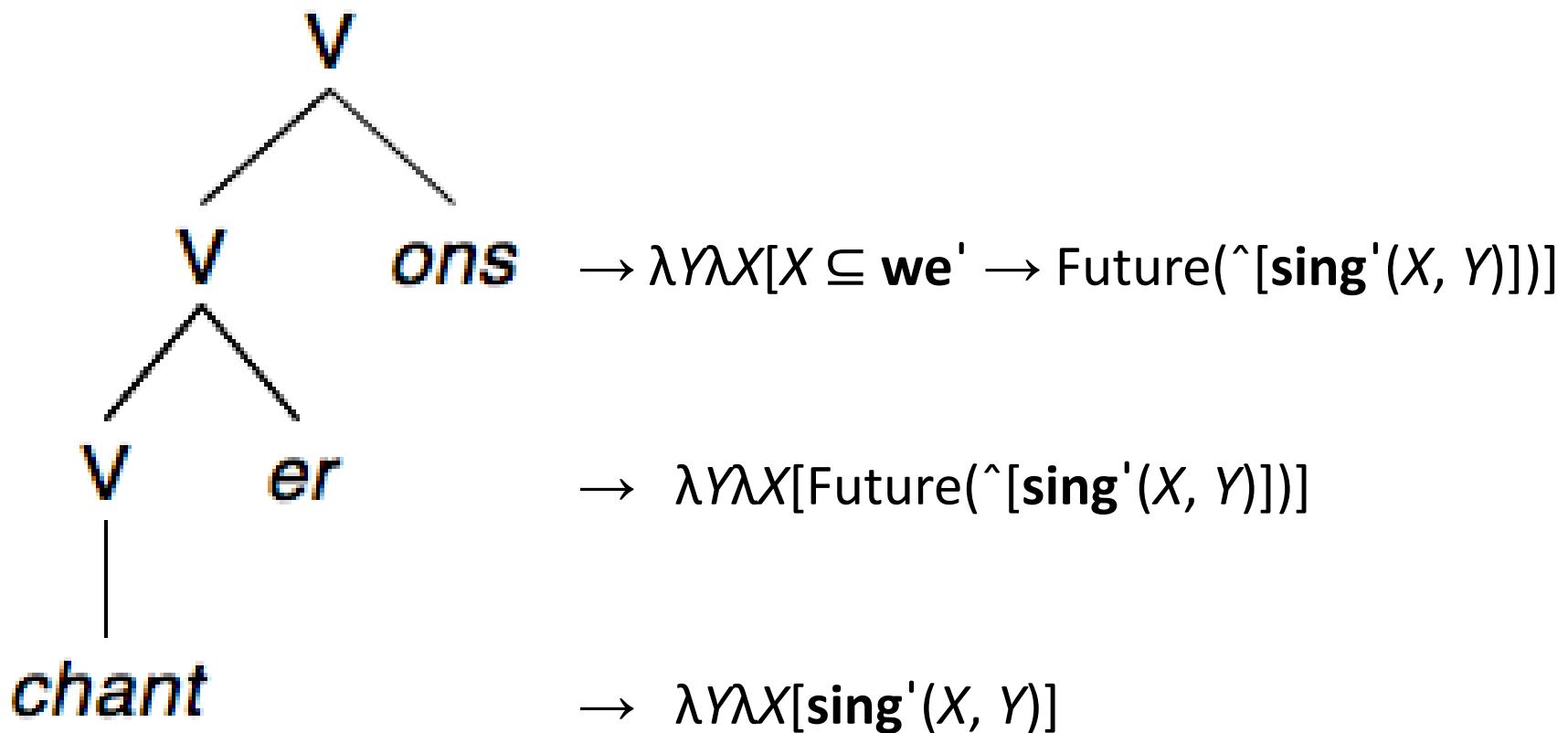
French *chanterons* ‘we shall sing’



French *chanterons* ‘we shall sing’



French *chanterons* ‘we shall sing’



## Syntagmatic compositionality

BUT: Inflected word forms are not invariably compositional in the syntagmatic sense.

BUT: Inflected word forms are not invariably compositional in the syntagmatic sense.

1ST PLURAL  
*chantions*

BUT: Inflected word forms are not invariably compositional in the syntagmatic sense.

1ST PLURAL  
*chantions*

IMPERFECT  
INDICATIVE  
'we sang'

## Syntagmatic compositionality

BUT: Inflected word forms are not invariably compositional in the syntagmatic sense.

1ST PLURAL  
*chantions*

IMPERFECT  
INDICATIVE  
'we sang'

PRESENT  
SUBJUNCTIVE  
'that we sing'



## 2. Paradigmatic compositionality

Paradigm-based approaches to inflectional morphology afford a different, paradigmatic conception of compositionality.

According to this conception, a word form is compositional if its content can be deduced from the paradigm cell that it realizes.

## Paradigmatic compositionality

On this conception, *chanterons* is compositional because it realizes the first-person plural cell in the future-tense paradigm of the lexeme CHANTER.

Partial paradigm of French CHANGER ‘sing’			
	Imperfect indicative	Present subjunctive	Future indicative
Singular			
1	<i>chantais</i>	<i>chante</i>	<i>chanterai</i>
	<i>chantais</i>	<i>chantes</i>	<i>chanteras</i>
	<i>chantait</i>	<i>chante</i>	<i>chantera</i>
Plural	<i>chantions</i>	<i>chantions</i>	<i>chanterons</i>
	<i>chantiez</i>	<i>chantiez</i>	<i>chanterevez</i>
	<i>chantaient</i>	<i>chantent</i>	<i>chanteront</i>

## Paradigmatic compositionality

Each of the cells in a lexeme L's paradigm might be conceived of as the pairing of L with a morphosyntactic property set of an appropriate sort, e.g.

⟨CHANTER, {1 pl fut ind}⟩

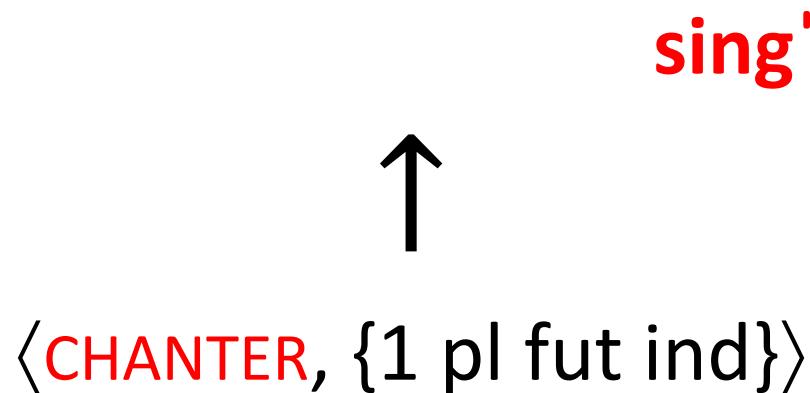
## Paradigmatic compositionality

This cell may be seen as determining the semantic interpretation of the word form that realizes it:  
*chanterons*.

⟨CHANTER, {1 pl fut ind}⟩

## Paradigmatic compositionality

This cell may be seen as determining the semantic interpretation of the word form that realizes it:  
*chanterons*.



## Paradigmatic compositionality

This cell may be seen as determining the semantic interpretation of the word form that realizes it:  
*chanterons*.

$$\lambda Y \lambda X [X \subseteq \text{we}' \rightarrow \text{Future}(\hat{\text{sing}}'(X, Y))]$$

$$\langle \text{CHANTER}, \{1 \text{ pl fut ind}\} \rangle$$

## Paradigmatic compositionality

Even syncretic word forms may be compositional in this sense: imperfect *chantions* and subjunctive *chantions* realize distinct cells in the paradigm of CHANTER.

Partial paradigm of French CHANTER ‘sing’			
	Imperfect indicative	Present subjunctive	Future indicative
Singular			
1	<i>chantais</i>	<i>chante</i>	<i>chanterai</i>
2	<i>chantais</i>	<i>chantes</i>	<i>chanteras</i>
3	<i>chantait</i>	<i>chante</i>	<i>chantera</i>
Plural			
1	<i>chantions</i>	<i>chantions</i>	<i>chanterons</i>
2	<i>chantiez</i>	<i>chantiez</i>	<i>chanterevez</i>
3	<i>chantaient</i>	<i>chantent</i>	<i>chanteront</i>

# Paradigmatic compositionality

⟨CHANTER, {1pl impf ind}⟩

⟨CHANTER, {1pl prs sbjv}⟩

# Paradigmatic compositionality

↑  
sing'  
 $\langle \text{CHANTER}, \{1\text{pl impf ind}\} \rangle$

↑  
sing'  
 $\langle \text{CHANTER}, \{1\text{pl prs sbjv}\} \rangle$

# Paradigmatic compositionality

$\lambda Y \lambda X [X \subseteq \mathbf{we}' \rightarrow$   
Imperfect( $[\mathbf{sing}'(X, Y)]])$



$\langle \text{CHANTER}, \{\text{1pl impf ind}\} \rangle$

$\lambda Y \lambda X [X \subseteq \mathbf{we}' \rightarrow$   
Subjunctive( $[\mathbf{sing}'(X, Y)]])$



$\langle \text{CHANTER}, \{\text{1pl prs sbjv}\} \rangle$

# 3. The dual role of cells in paradigm-based theories of morphology

## The dual role of paradigm cells

In paradigm-based theories of morphology, the morphosyntactic property set associated with a cell is assumed to determine the word form realizing that cell.

# The dual role of paradigm cells

⟨CHANTER, {1 pl fut ind}⟩

# The dual role of paradigm cells

$\langle \text{CHANTER}, \{1 \text{ pl fut ind}\} \rangle$



*chanterons*

# The dual role of paradigm cells

⟨CHANTER, {1 pl fut ind}⟩



*chant -er -ons*

# The dual role of paradigm cells

⟨CHANTER, {1 pl **fut ind**}⟩



*chant -er -ons*

# The dual role of paradigm cells

⟨CHANTER, {1 pl fut ind}⟩



*chant -er -ons*

# 4. The **cell interface model** of the interface of semantic interpretation with inflectional morphology:

The cells of a lexeme's paradigm are the basis for both the semantic interpretation and the inflectional realization of its word forms.

# Cell interface model

$\langle \text{CHANTER}, \{1 \text{ pl fut ind}\} \rangle$

$$\lambda Y \lambda X [X \subseteq \mathbf{we}' \rightarrow \text{Future}(\hat{[}\mathbf{sing}'(X, Y)\hat{]})]$$

**SEMANTIC**

**INTERPRETATION**



$\langle \text{CHANTER}, \{1 \text{ pl fut ind}\} \rangle$

$$\lambda Y \lambda X [X \subseteq \mathbf{we}' \rightarrow \text{Future}(\hat{[}\mathbf{sing}'(X, Y)\hat{])}]$$

**SEMANTIC  
INTERPRETATION**



$\langle \text{CHANTER}, \{1 \text{ pl fut ind}\} \rangle$

**MORPHOLOGICAL  
REALIZATION**



*chant-er-ons*

Evidence against the cell interface model

# 5. Kashmiri conjugations

George A. Grierson (1911) *A Manual of the Kāshmīrī Language*. Oxford: Clarendon Press.

(Śrīnagar dialect)

## Kashmiri conjugations

Kashmiri verbs fall into three conjugations, exemplified here by

GUP

‘conceal’  
(Conj. I),

WUP

‘burn inside’  
(Conj. II),

WUPH

‘fly’  
(Conj. III).

## Kashmiri conjugations

Kashmiri verbs fall into three conjugations, exemplified here by

GUP

‘conceal’

(Conj. I),

**[transitives]**

WUP

‘burn inside’

(Conj. II),

WUPH

‘fly’

(Conj. III).

## Kashmiri conjugations

Kashmiri verbs fall into three conjugations, exemplified here by

GUP

‘conceal’

(Conj. I),

**[transitives]**

WUP

‘burn inside’

(Conj. II),

**[intransitives]**

WUPH

‘fly’

(Conj. III).

## Kashmiri conjugations

Kashmiri verbs fall into three conjugations, exemplified here by

GUP

‘conceal’

(Conj. I),

**[transitives]**

WUP

‘burn inside’

(Conj. II),

**[intransitives]**

WUPH

‘fly’

(Conj. III).

The differences between the three conjugations are restricted to the preterite tenses.

# Present-tense forms of three Kashmiri verbs

Person, number, gender of subject	GUP 'conceal' (Conj. I)	WUP 'burn inside' (Conj. II)	WUPH 'fly' (Conj. III)
Masc	Sg 1 <i>chus gupān</i>	<i>chus wupān</i>	<i>chus wuphān</i>
	2 <i>chukh gupān</i>	<i>chukh wupān</i>	<i>chukh wuphān</i>
	3 <i>chuh gupān</i>	<i>chuh wupān</i>	<i>chuh wuphān</i>
	Pl 1 <i>chih gupān</i>	<i>chih wupān</i>	<i>chih wuphān</i>
		<i>chiwa gupān</i>	<i>chiwa wuphān</i>
		<i>chih gupān</i>	<i>chih wuphān</i>
Fem	Sg 1 <i>ches gupān</i>	<i>ches wupān</i>	<i>ches wuphān</i>
	2 <i>chekh gupān</i>	<i>chekh wupān</i>	<i>chekh wuphān</i>
	3 <i>cheh gupān</i>	<i>cheh wupān</i>	<i>cheh wuphān</i>
	Pl 1 <i>cheh gupān</i>	<i>cheh wupān</i>	<i>cheh wuphān</i>
		<i>chewa gupān</i>	<i>chewa wuphān</i>
		<i>cheh gupān</i>	<i>cheh wuphān</i>

# Kashmiri conjugations

In Kashmiri, verbs have three past tenses:

- recent past
- indefinite past
- remote past.

## The preterite inflection of wUP ‘burn inside’, Conj. II

			Masc	Fem
Recent past	Sg	1	wupus	wup <sup>ü</sup> s
		2	wupukh	wup <sup>ü</sup> kh
		3	wup <sup>u</sup>	wup <sup>ü</sup>
	Pl	1	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe
		2	wup <sup>i</sup> wa	wurewa
		3	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe
Indefinite past	Sg	1	wupyōs	wupyēyεs
		2	wupyōkh	wupyēyεkh
		3	wupyōv	wupyēyε
	Pl	1	wupyēy	wupyēyε
		2	wupyēwa	wupyēyεwa
		3	wupyēy	wupyēyε
Remote past	Sg	1	wupyās	wupyēyεs
		2	wupyākh	wupyēyεkh
		3	wupyāv	wupyēyε
	Pl	1	wupyāy	wupyēyε
		2	wupyāwa	wupyēyεwa
		3	wupyāy	wupyēyε

## The preterite inflection of wUP ‘burn inside’, Conj. II

			Masc	Fem
Recent past	Sg	1	wupus	wup <sup>ü</sup> s
		2	wupukh	wup <sup>ü</sup> kh
		3	wup <sup>u</sup>	wup <sup>ü</sup>
	Pl	1	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe
		2	wup <sup>i</sup> wa	wurewa
		3	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe
Indefinite past	Sg	1	wupyōs	wupyēyεs
		2	wupyōkh	wupyēyεkh
		3	wupyōv	wupyēyε
	Pl	1	wupyēy	wupyēyε
		2	wupyēwa	wupyēyεwa
		3	wupyēy	wupyēyε
Remote past	Sg	1	wupyās	wupyēyεs
		2	wupyākh	wupyēyεkh
		3	wupyāv	wupyēyε
	Pl	1	wupyāy	wupyēyε
		2	wupyāwa	wupyēyεwa
		3	wupyāy	wupyēyε

# Recent past inflection of GUP ‘conceal’, Conj. I

Subject person and number (B)		Object number and gender							
		Singular				Plural			
		A (overt subject required)		B (overt subject optional)		A (overt subject required)		B (overt subject optional)	
Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem
Sg	1	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupum</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>m</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupim</i>	<i>gupem</i>
	2			<i>guputh</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>th</i>			<i>gupith</i>	<i>gupeth</i>
	3	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupun</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>n</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupin</i>	<i>gupen</i>
Pl	1	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>			<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>		
	2			<i>gup<sup>u</sup>wa</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>wa</i>			<i>gup<sup>i</sup>wa</i>	<i>gupewa</i>
	3	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupukh</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>kh</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupikh</i>	<i>gupekh</i>

# Recent past inflection of GUP ‘conceal’, Conj. I

Subject person and number (B)	Object number and gender								
	Singular				Plural				
	A (overt subject required)		B (overt subject optional)		A (overt subject required)		B (overt subject optional)		
	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	
Sg	1	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupum</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>m</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupim</i>	<i>gupem</i>
	2			<i>guputh</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>th</i>			<i>gupith</i>	<i>gupeth</i>
	3	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupun</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>n</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupin</i>	<i>gupen</i>
Pl	1	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>			<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>		
	2			<i>gup<sup>u</sup>wa</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>wa</i>			<i>gup<sup>i</sup>wa</i>	<i>gupewa</i>
	3	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupukh</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>kh</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupikh</i>	<i>gupekh</i>

# Recent past inflection of GUP ‘conceal’, Conj. I

Subject person and number (B)		Object number and gender							
		Singular				Plural			
		A (overt subject required)		B (overt subject optional)		A (overt subject required)		B (overt subject optional)	
Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem
Sg	1	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupum</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>m</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupim</i>	<i>gupem</i>
	2			<i>guputh</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>th</i>			<i>gupith</i>	<i>gupeth</i>
	3	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupun</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>n</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupin</i>	<i>gupen</i>
Pl	1	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>			<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>		
	2			<i>gup<sup>u</sup>wa</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>wa</i>			<i>gup<sup>i</sup>wa</i>	<i>gupewa</i>
	3	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupukh</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>kh</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupikh</i>	<i>gupekh</i>

# Recent past inflection of GUP ‘conceal’, Conj. I

Subject person and number (B)	Object number and gender								
	Singular				Plural				
	A (overt subject required)		B (overt subject optional)		A (overt subject required)		B (overt subject optional)		
	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	
Sg	1	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupum</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>m</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupim</i>	<i>gupem</i>
	2			<i>guputh</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>th</i>			<i>gupith</i>	<i>gupeth</i>
	3	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupun</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>n</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupin</i>	<i>gupen</i>
Pl	1	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>			<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>		
	2			<i>gup<sup>u</sup>wa</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>wa</i>			<i>gup<sup>i</sup>wa</i>	<i>gupewa</i>
	3	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupukh</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>kh</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupikh</i>	<i>gupekh</i>

# Recent past inflection of GUP ‘conceal’, Conj. I

Subject person and number (B)	Object number and gender								
	Singular				Plural				
	A (overt subject required)		B (overt subject optional)		A (overt subject required)		B (overt subject optional)		
	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem	
Sg	1	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupum</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>m</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupim</i>	<i>gupem</i>
	2			<i>guputh</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>th</i>			<i>gupith</i>	<i>gupeth</i>
	3	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupun</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>n</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupin</i>	<i>gupen</i>
Pl	1	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>			<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>		
	2			<i>gup<sup>u</sup>wa</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>wa</i>			<i>gup<sup>i</sup>wa</i>	<i>gupewa</i>
	3	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gupukh</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>kh</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>	<i>gupikh</i>	<i>gupekh</i>

# Recent past forms of GUP 'conceal' (Conj. I)

Subject person and number	Object number and gender			
	Singular		Plural	
	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem
1sg	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>
2sg				
3sg	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>
1pl	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>
2pl				
3pl	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>



The number and gender of a transitive verb's object are coded by the same morphology as the number and gender of Conj. II verb's third-person subject.

Recent past forms of GUP  
 ‘conceal’  
 (Conj. I)

Subject person and number	Object number and gender			
	Singular		Plural	
	Masc	Fem	Masc	Fem
1sg	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>
2sg				
3sg	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>
1pl	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>
2pl				
3pl	<i>gup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup></i>

Recent past forms of WUP  
 ‘burn inside’  
 (Conj. II)

	Masc	Fem
1sg	<i>wupus</i>	<i>wup<sup>ü</sup>s</i>
2sg	<i>wupukh</i>	<i>wup<sup>ü</sup>kh</i>
3sg	<i>wup<sup>u</sup></i>	<i>wup<sup>ü</sup></i>
1pl	<i>wup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>wupe</i>
2pl	<i>wup<sup>i</sup>wa</i>	<i>wupewa</i>
3pl	<i>wup<sup>i</sup></i>	<i>wupe</i>



Recent past forms of GUP 'conceal' (Conj. I)	Subject person and number	Object number and gender			
		Singular		Plural	
		B	B	Masc	Fem
1sg	<i>gupum</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>m</i>	<i>gupim</i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup>m</i>	
2sg	<i>guputh</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>th</i>	<i>gupith</i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup>th</i>	
3sg	<i>gupun</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>n</i>	<i>gupin</i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup>n</i>	
1pl					
2pl	<i>gup<sup>u</sup>wa</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>wa</i>	<i>gup<sup>i</sup>wa</i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup>wa</i>	
3pl	<i>gupukh</i>	<i>gup<sup>ü</sup>kh</i>	<i>gupikh</i>	<i>gup<sup>ε</sup>kh</i>	

Past-tense pronominal subject suffixes (Conj. I)	1sg	-m
	2sg	-th
	3sg	-n
	1pl	
	2pl	-wa
	3pl	-kh

WUP 'burn inside', Conj. II				WUPH 'fly', Conj. III	
	Masc	Fem		Masc	Fem
Recent past	Sg 1	wupus	wup <sup>ü</sup> s	wuphyōs	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupukh	wup <sup>ü</sup> kh	wuphyōkh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wup <sup>u</sup>	wup <sup>ü</sup>	wuphyōv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
	2	wup <sup>i</sup> wa	wupewa	wuphyēwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
Indefinite past	Sg 1	wupyōs	wupyēyεs	wuphyās	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupyōkh	wupyēyεkh	wuphyākh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wupyōv	wupyēyε	wuphyāv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
	2	wupyēwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphyāwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
Remote past	Sg 1	wupyās	wupyēyεs	wuphiyās	wuphiyēyεs
	2	wupyākh	wupyēyεkh	wuphiyākh	wuphiyēyεkh
	3	wupyāv	wupyēyε	wuphiyāv	wuphiyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε
	2	wupyāwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphiyāwa	wuphiyēyεwa
	3	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε <sup>57</sup>

WUP 'burn inside', Conj. II				WUPH 'fly', Conj. III	
	Masc	Fem		Masc	Fem
Recent past	Sg 1	wupus	wup <sup>ü</sup> s	wuphyōs	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupukh	wup <sup>ü</sup> kh	wuphyōkh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wup <sup>u</sup>	wup <sup>ü</sup>	wuphyōv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
	2	wup <sup>i</sup> wa	wupewa	wuphyēwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
Indefinite past	Sg 1	wupyōs	wupyēyεs	wuphyās	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupyōkh	wupyēyεkh	wuphyākh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wupyōv	wupyēyε	wuphyāv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
	2	wupyēwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphyāwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
Remote past	Sg 1	wupyās	wupyēyεs	wuphiyās	wuphiyēyεs
	2	wupyākh	wupyēyεkh	wuphiyākh	wuphiyēyεkh
	3	wupyāv	wupyēyε	wuphiyāv	wuphiyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε
	2	wupyāwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphiyāwa	wuphiyēyεwa
	3	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε <sup>58</sup>

WUP 'burn inside', Conj. II				WUPH 'fly', Conj. III	
	Masc	Fem		Masc	Fem
Recent past	Sg 1	wupus	wup <sup>ü</sup> s	wuphyōs	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupukh	wup <sup>ü</sup> kh	wuphyōkh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wup <sup>u</sup>	wup <sup>ü</sup>	wuphyōv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
	2	wup <sup>i</sup> wa	wupewa	wuphyēwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
Indefinite past	Sg 1	wupyōs	wupyēyεs	wuphyās	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupyōkh	wupyēyεkh	wuphyākh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wupyōv	wupyēyε	wuphyāv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
	2	wupyēwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphyāwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
Remote past	Sg 1	wupyās	wupyēyεs	wuphiyās	wuphiyēyεs
	2	wupyākh	wupyēyεkh	wuphiyākh	wuphiyēyεkh
	3	wupyāv	wupyēyε	wuphiyāv	wuphiyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε
	2	wupyāwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphiyāwa	wuphiyēyεwa
	3	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε

WUP 'burn inside', Conj. II				WUPH 'fly', Conj. III	
	Masc	Fem		Masc	Fem
Recent past	Sg 1	wupus	wup <sup>ü</sup> s	wuphyōs	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupukh	wup <sup>ü</sup> kh	wuphyōkh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wup <sup>u</sup>	wup <sup>ü</sup>	wuphyōv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
	2	wup <sup>i</sup> wa	wupewa	wuphyēwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
Indefinite past	Sg 1	wupyōs	wupyēyεs	wuphyās	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupyōkh	wupyēyεkh	wuphyākh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wupyōv	wupyēyε	wuphyāv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
	2	wupyēwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphyāwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
Remote past	Sg 1	wupyās	wupyēyεs	wuphiyās	wuphiyēyεs
	2	wupyākh	wupyēyεkh	wuphiyākh	wuphiyēyεkh
	3	wupyāv	wupyēyε	wuphiyāv	wuphiyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε
	2	wupyāwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphiyāwa	wuphiyēyεwa
	3	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε

WUP 'burn inside', Conj. II				WUPH 'fly', Conj. III	
	Masc	Fem		Masc	Fem
Recent past	Sg 1	wupus	wup <sup>ü</sup> s	wuphyōs	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupukh	wup <sup>ü</sup> kh	wuphyōkh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wup <sup>u</sup>	wup <sup>ü</sup>	wuphyōv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
	2	wup <sup>i</sup> wa	wupewa	wuphyēwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
Indefinite past	Sg 1	wupyōs	wupyēyεs	wuphyās	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupyōkh	wupyēyεkh	wuphyākh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wupyōv	wupyēyε	wuphyāv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
	2	wupyēwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphyāwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
Remote past	Sg 1	wupyās	wupyēyεs	wuphiyās	wuphiyēyεs
	2	wupyākh	wupyēyεkh	wuphiyākh	wuphiyēyεkh
	3	wupyāv	wupyēyε	wuphiyāv	wuphiyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε
	2	wupyāwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphiyāwa	wuphiyēyεwa
	3	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε

WUP 'burn inside', Conj. II				WUPH 'fly', Conj. III	
	Masc	Fem		Masc	Fem
Recent past	Sg 1	wupus	wup <sup>ü</sup> s	wuphyōs	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupukh	wup <sup>ü</sup> kh	wuphyōkh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wup <sup>u</sup>	wup <sup>ü</sup>	wuphyōv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
	2	wup <sup>i</sup> wa	wupewa	wuphyēwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
Indefinite past	Sg 1	wupyōs	wupyēyεs	wuphyās	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupyōkh	wupyēyεkh	wuphyākh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wupyōv	wupyēyε	wuphyāv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
	2	wupyēwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphyāwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
Remote past	Sg 1	wupyās	wupyēyεs	wuphiyās	wuphiyēyεs
	2	wupyākh	wupyēyεkh	wuphiyākh	wuphiyēyεkh
	3	wupyāv	wupyēyε	wuphiyāv	wuphiyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε
	2	wupyāwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphiyāwa	wuphiyēyεwa
	3	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε <sup>62</sup>

WUP 'burn inside', Conj. II				WUPH 'fly', Conj. III	
	Masc	Fem		Masc	Fem
Recent past	Sg 1	wupus	wup <sup>ü</sup> s	wuphyōs	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupukh	wup <sup>ü</sup> kh	wuphyōkh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wup <sup>u</sup>	wup <sup>ü</sup>	wuphyōv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
	2	wup <sup>i</sup> wa	wupewa	wuphyēwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
Indefinite past	Sg 1	wupyōs	wupyēyεs	wuphyās	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupyōkh	wupyēyεkh	wuphyākh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wupyōv	wupyēyε	wuphyāv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
	2	wupyēwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphyāwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
Remote past	Sg 1	wupyās	wupyēyεs	wuphiyās	wuphiyēyεs
	2	wupyākh	wupyēyεkh	wuphiyākh	wuphiyēyεkh
	3	wupyāv	wupyēyε	wuphiyāv	wuphiyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε
	2	wupyāwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphiyāwa	wuphiyēyεwa
	3	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε <sup>63</sup>

WUP 'burn inside', Conj. II				WUPH 'fly', Conj. III	
	Masc	Fem		Masc	Fem
Recent past	Sg 1	wupus	wup <sup>ü</sup> s	wuphyōs	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupukh	wup <sup>ü</sup> kh	wuphyōkh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wup <sup>u</sup>	wup <sup>ü</sup>	wuphyōv	wuphyēyεv
	Pl 1	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
	2	wup <sup>i</sup> wa	wupewa	wuphyēwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
Indefinite past	Sg 1	wupyōs	wupyēyεs	wuphyās	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupyōkh	wupyēyεkh	wuphyākh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wupyōv	wupyēyεv	wuphyāv	wuphyēyε
	Pl 1	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
	2	wupyēwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphyāwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
Remote past	Sg 1	wupyās	wupyēyεs	wuphiyās	wuphiyēyεs
	2	wupyākh	wupyēyεkh	wuphiyākh	wuphiyēyεkh
	3	wupyāv	wupyēyεv	wuphiyāv	wuphiyēyεv
	Pl 1	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε
	2	wupyāwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphiyāwa	wuphiyēyεwa
	3	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε <sup>64</sup>

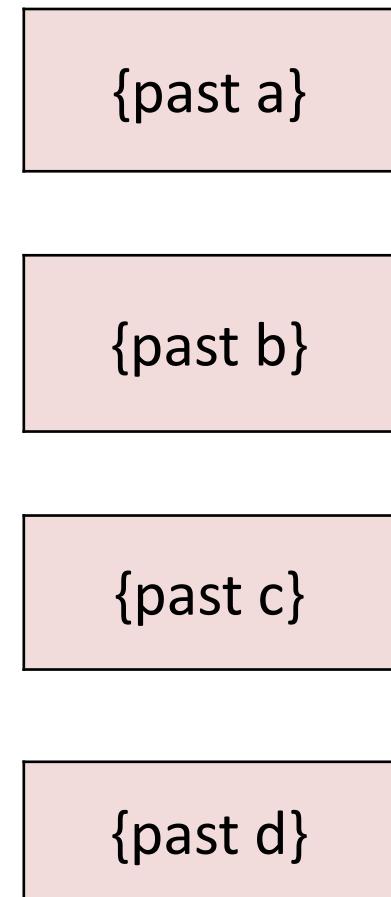
WUP 'burn inside', Conj. II				WUPH 'fly', Conj. III	
	Masc	Fem		Masc	Fem
Recent past	Sg 1	wupus	wup <sup>ü</sup> s	wuphyōs	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupukh	wup <sup>ü</sup> kh	wuphyōkh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wup <sup>u</sup>	wup <sup>ü</sup>	wuphyōv	wuphyēyεv
	Pl 1	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
	2	wup <sup>i</sup> wa	wupewa	wuphyēwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
Indefinite past	Sg 1	wupyōs	wupyēyεs	wuphyās	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupyōkh	wupyēyεkh	wuphyākh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wupyōv	wupyēyεv	wuphyāv	wuphyēyεv
	Pl 1	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
	2	wupyēwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphyāwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
Remote past	Sg 1	wupyās	wupyēyεs	wuphiyās	wuphiyēyεs
	2	wupyākh	wupyēyεkh	wuphiyākh	wuphiyēyεkh
	3	wupyāv	wupyēyεv	wuphiyāv	wuphiyēyεv
	Pl 1	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε
	2	wupyāwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphiyāwa	wuphiyēyεwa
	3	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε

WUP 'burn inside', Conj. II				WUPH 'fly', Conj. III	
	Masc	Fem		Masc	Fem
Recent past	Sg 1	wupus	wup <sup>ü</sup> s	wuphyōs	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupukh	wup <sup>ü</sup> kh	wuphyōkh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wup <sup>u</sup>	wup <sup>ü</sup>	wuphyōv	wuphyēyεv
	Pl 1	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
	2	wup <sup>i</sup> wa	wupewa	wuphyēwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wup <sup>i</sup>	wupe	wuphyēy	wuphyēyε
Indefinite past	Sg 1	wupyōs	wupyēyεs	wuphyās	wuphyēyεs
	2	wupyōkh	wupyēyεkh	wuphyākh	wuphyēyεkh
	3	wupyōv	wupyēyεv	wuphyāv	wuphyēyεv
	Pl 1	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
	2	wupyēwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphyāwa	wuphyēyεwa
	3	wupyēy	wupyēyε	wuphyāy	wuphyēyε
Remote past	Sg 1	wupyās	wupyēyεs	wuphiyās	wuphiyēyεs
	2	wupyākh	wupyēyεkh	wuphiyākh	wuphiyēyεkh
	3	wupyāv	wupyēyεv	wuphiyāv	wuphiyēyεv
	Pl 1	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε
	2	wupyāwa	wupyēyεwa	wuphiyāwa	wuphiyēyεwa
	3	wupyāy	wupyēyε	wuphiyāy	wuphiyēyε

# Kashmiri conjugations

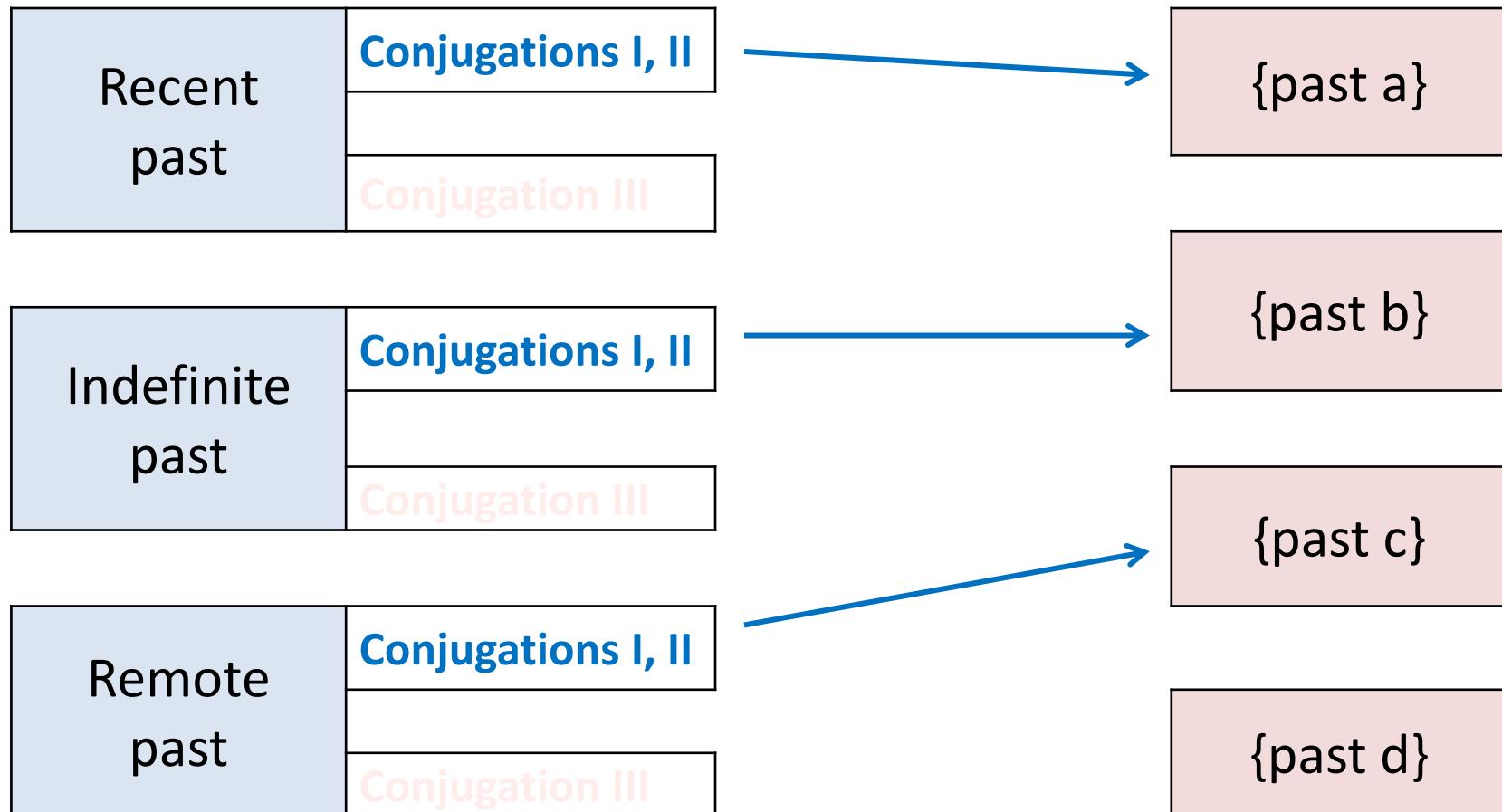
From the point of view of content, there are three past tenses in Kashmiri; but from the point of view of form, there are four.

Recent past	<b>Conjugations I, II</b>
	<b>Conjugation III</b>
Indefinite past	<b>Conjugations I, II</b>
	<b>Conjugation III</b>
Remote past	<b>Conjugations I, II</b>
	<b>Conjugation III</b>



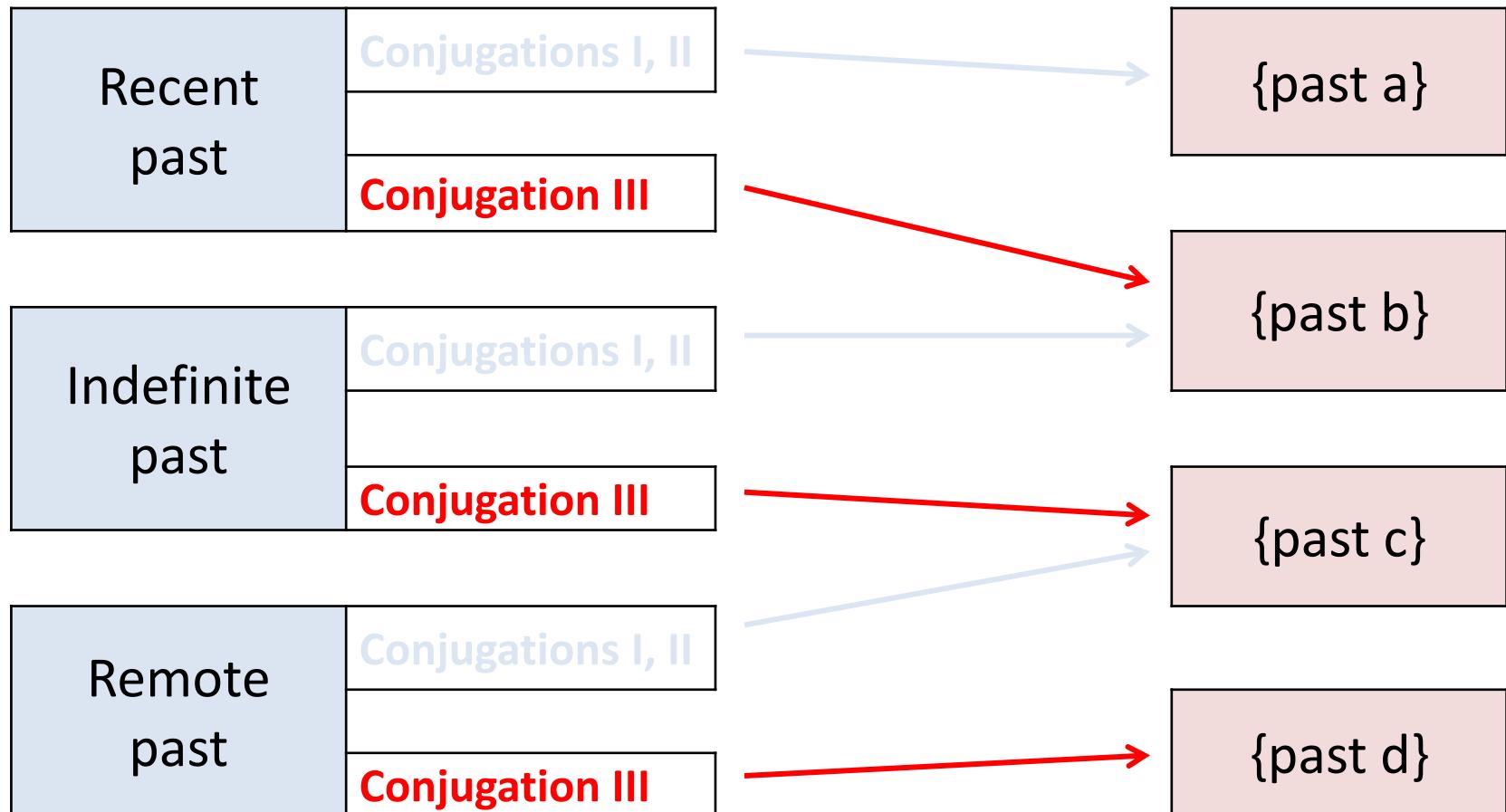
# Kashmiri conjugations

From the point of view of content, there are three past tenses in Kashmiri; but from the point of view of form, there are four.



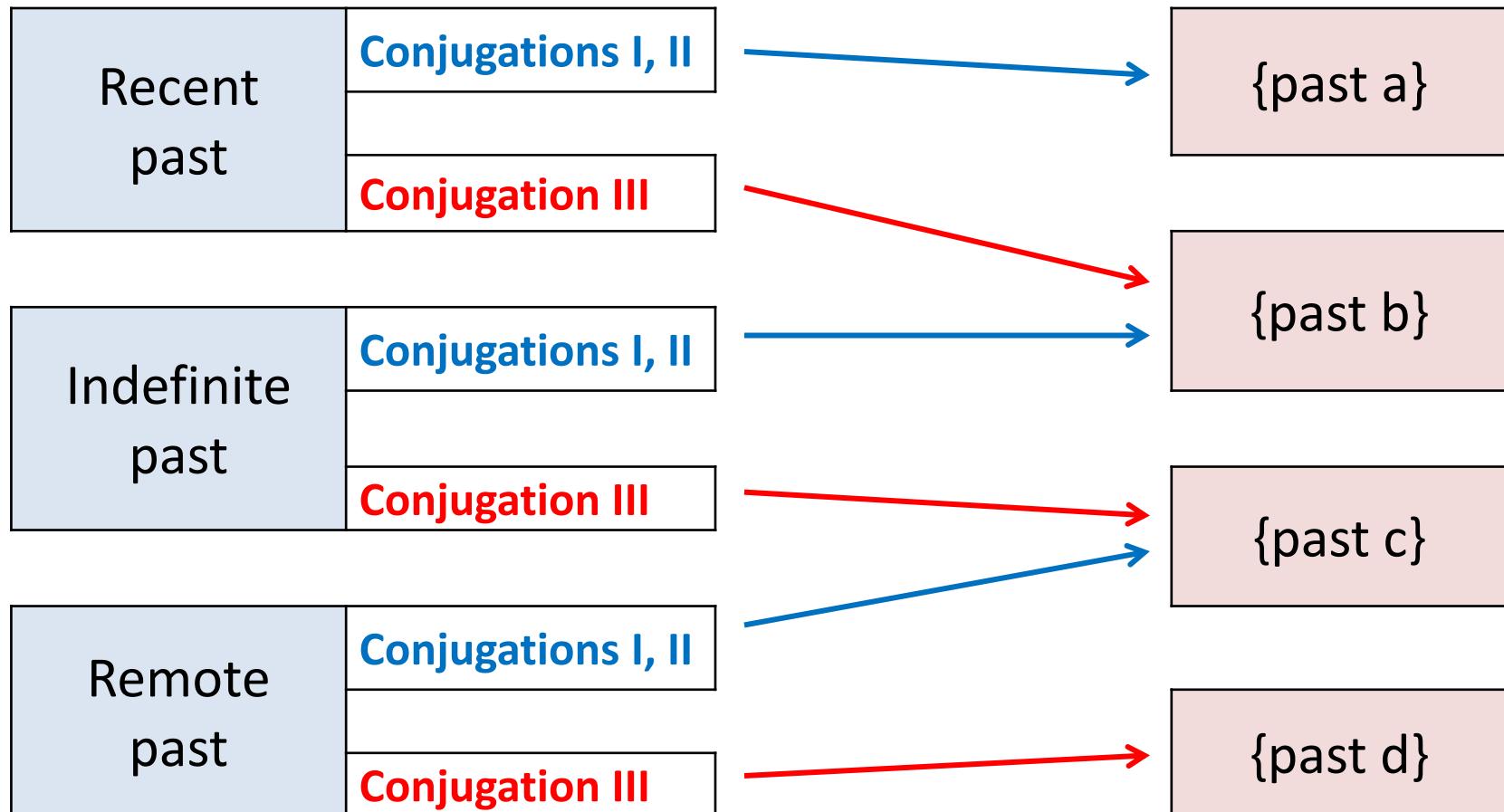
# Kashmiri conjugations

From the point of view of content, there are three past tenses in Kashmiri; but from the point of view of form, there are four.



# Kashmiri conjugations

From the point of view of content, there are three past tenses in Kashmiri; but from the point of view of form, there are four.



# Kashmiri conjugations

From the point of view of content, there are three past tenses in Kashmiri; but from the point of view of form, there are four.

What are a, b, c and d?

Remote past	Conjugations I, II
	Conjugation III



{past d}

## Kashmiri conjugations

From the point of view of content, there are three past tenses in Kashmiri; but from the point of view of form, there are four.

What are a, b, c and d?

They are *morphomic* properties  
(Aronoff 1994).

Remote  
past

Conjugations I, II

Conjugation III



{past d}

# **Modeling the dichotomy of content and form in inflectional morphology with an alternative to the cell interface model**

# 6. The paradigm linkage model

The **content paradigm** of a lexeme L is a set of **content cells**:

$$\langle L, \sigma \rangle$$

# Paradigm linkage model

The **content paradigm** of a lexeme L is a set of **content cells**:

$$\langle L, \sigma \rangle$$

The **form paradigm** of a stem Z is a set of **form cells**:

$$\langle Z, \tau \rangle$$

# Paradigm linkage model

The **content paradigm** of a lexeme L is a set of **content cells**:

$$\langle L, \sigma \rangle$$

The **form paradigm** of a stem Z is a set of **form cells**:

$$\langle Z, \tau \rangle$$

*Rules of semantic interpretation apply to content cells.*

# Paradigm linkage model

The **content paradigm** of a lexeme L is a set of **content cells**:

$$\langle L, \sigma \rangle$$

The **form paradigm** of a stem Z is a set of **form cells**:

$$\langle Z, \tau \rangle$$

*Rules of semantic interpretation apply to content cells.*

*Realization rules apply to form cells.*

## Paradigm linkage model

The **content paradigm** of a lexeme L is a set of **content cells**:

$$\langle L, \sigma \rangle$$

The **form paradigm** of a stem Z is a set of **form cells**:

$$\langle Z, \tau \rangle$$

*Rules of semantic interpretation apply to content cells.*

*Realization rules apply to form cells.*

- Each content cell is matched with a form cell, which determines its inflectional realization.

# Paradigm linkage model

The **content paradigm** of a lexeme L is a set of **content cells**:

$$\langle L, \sigma \rangle$$

The **form paradigm** of a stem Z is a set of **form cells**:

$$\langle Z, \tau \rangle$$

*Rules of semantic interpretation apply to content cells.*

*Realization rules apply to form cells.*

- Each content cell is matched with a form cell, which determines its inflectional realization.
- In the default case, the content cell  $\langle L, \sigma \rangle$  is matched with the form cell  $\langle Z, \sigma \rangle$ , where Z is L's default stem.

# Paradigm linkage model

The **content paradigm** of a lexeme L is a set of **content cells**:

$$\langle L, \sigma \rangle$$

The **form paradigm** of a stem Z is a set of **form cells**:

$$\langle Z, \tau \rangle$$

*Rules of semantic interpretation apply to content cells.*

*Realization rules apply to form cells.*

- Each content cell is matched with a form cell, which determines its inflectional realization.
- In the default case, the content cell  $\langle L, \sigma \rangle$  is matched with the form cell  $\langle Z, \sigma \rangle$ , where Z is L's default stem.
- But the relation between a content cell and the form cell with which it is matched may be mediated by a property mapping  $f$  such that  $\langle L, \sigma \rangle$  is matched with  $\langle Z, f(\sigma) \rangle$ .<sup>81</sup>

# Paradigm linkage model

## Kinds of property mappings

Where  $\sigma, \tau$  are morphosyntactic property sets in contrasting content cells,

Corresponding property sets in form cells	Realization of morphosyntactic property sets $\sigma, \tau$
$pm(\sigma) = \sigma$ $pm(\tau) = \tau$	canonical realization of $\sigma, \tau$
$pm(\sigma) = pm(\tau)$ $pm(\sigma) \subseteq \sigma, \tau$	syncretism of natural class to which $\sigma, \tau$ belong
$pm(\sigma)$ contains $\geq 1$ morphomic property	morphemic realization of $\sigma$
$pm(\sigma) = pm(\tau) = \sigma \neq \tau$	directional syncretism of $\sigma, \tau$
$pm(\sigma) = pm(\tau) \neq \sigma, \tau$	nondirectional syncretism of $\sigma, \tau$
$pm(\sigma) = \tau$ $pm(\tau)$ is undefined	deponency: inflection proper to $\tau$ realizes $\sigma$

## Property mappings for Kashmiri verbs

Property mapping	Domain	Definition
$f$		
$g$		

## Property mappings for Kashmiri verbs

Property mapping	Domain	Definition
$f$	Conjugations I and II	
$g$		

## Property mappings for Kashmiri verbs

Property mapping	Domain	Definition
$f$	Conjugations I and II	$f(\sigma:\{\text{recent past}\}) = \sigma:\{\text{past a}\}$ $f(\sigma:\{\text{indefinite past}\}) = \sigma:\{\text{past b}\}$ $f(\sigma:\{\text{remote past}\}) = \sigma:\{\text{past c}\}$
$g$		

## Property mappings for Kashmiri verbs

Property mapping	Domain	Definition
$f$	Conjugations I and II	$f(\sigma:\{\text{recent past}\}) = \sigma:\{\text{past a}\}$ $f(\sigma:\{\text{indefinite past}\}) = \sigma:\{\text{past b}\}$ $f(\sigma:\{\text{remote past}\}) = \sigma:\{\text{past c}\}$
$g$	Conjugation III	

## Property mappings for Kashmiri verbs

Property mapping	Domain	Definition
$f$	Conjugations I and II	$f(\sigma:\{\text{recent past}\}) = \sigma:\{\text{past a}\}$ $f(\sigma:\{\text{indefinite past}\}) = \sigma:\{\text{past b}\}$ $f(\sigma:\{\text{remote past}\}) = \sigma:\{\text{past c}\}$
$g$	Conjugation III	$g(\sigma:\{\text{recent past}\}) = \sigma:\{\text{past b}\}$ $g(\sigma:\{\text{indefinite past}\}) = \sigma:\{\text{past c}\}$ $g(\sigma:\{\text{remote past}\}) = \sigma:\{\text{past d}\}$

## Word-realization rules:

### Block i

i, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past d}\} \rightarrow X_i$

### Block ii

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a sg masc}\} \rightarrow X_u$

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a 3 sg masc}\} \rightarrow X^u$

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a pl masc}\} \rightarrow X^i$

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a sg fem}\} \rightarrow X^{\ddot{u}}$

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a pl fem}\} \rightarrow X\varepsilon$

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past}\} \rightarrow X_y$

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a}\} \rightarrow X$

### Block iii

iii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past b masc sg}\} \rightarrow X\bar{o}$

iii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past b masc pl}\} \rightarrow X\bar{e}$

iii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past masc}\} \rightarrow X\bar{a}$

iii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past fem}\} \rightarrow X\bar{e}y\varepsilon$

iii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a masc/fem}\} \rightarrow X$

### Block iv

iv, X [V],  $\sigma:\{1 \text{ sg}\} \rightarrow X_s$

iv, X [V],  $\sigma:\{2 \text{ sg}\} \rightarrow X_{kh}$

iv, X [V],  $\sigma:\{2 \text{ pl}\} \rightarrow X_{wa}$

iv, X [V],  $\sigma:\{3 \text{ sg masc}\} \rightarrow X_v$

iv, X [V],  $\sigma:\{3 \text{ pl masc}\} \rightarrow X_y$

iv, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a 3 sg/pl masc}\} \rightarrow X$

## Paradigm function:

$\text{PF}(\langle X, \sigma:\{1 \text{ pl}\} \rangle) = \text{PF}(\langle X, \sigma:\{3 \text{ pl}\} \rangle);$

otherwise,  $\text{PF}(\langle X, \sigma \rangle) = [ \text{iv} : [ \text{iii} : [ \text{ii} : [ \text{i} : \langle X, \sigma \rangle ] ] ] ].$

## Word-realization rules:

### Block i

i, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past d}\} \rightarrow X_i$

### Block ii

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a sg masc}\} \rightarrow X_u$

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a 3 sg masc}\} \rightarrow X^u$

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a pl masc}\} \rightarrow X^i$

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a sg fem}\} \rightarrow X^{\ddot{u}}$

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a pl fem}\} \rightarrow X_{\varepsilon}$

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past}\} \rightarrow X_y$

ii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a}\} \rightarrow X$

### Block iii

iii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past b masc sg}\} \rightarrow X_{\bar{o}}$

iii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past b masc pl}\} \rightarrow X_{\bar{e}}$

iii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past masc}\} \rightarrow X_{\bar{a}}$

iii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past fem}\} \rightarrow X_{\bar{e}}y\varepsilon$

iii, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a masc/fem}\} \rightarrow X$

### Block iv

iv, X [V],  $\sigma:\{1 \text{ sg}\} \rightarrow X_s$

iv, X [V],  $\sigma:\{2 \text{ sg}\} \rightarrow X_{kh}$

iv, X [V],  $\sigma:\{2 \text{ pl}\} \rightarrow X_{wa}$

iv, X [V],  $\sigma:\{3 \text{ sg masc}\} \rightarrow X_v$

iv, X [V],  $\sigma:\{3 \text{ pl masc}\} \rightarrow X_y$

iv, X [V],  $\sigma:\{\text{past a 3 sg/pl masc}\} \rightarrow X$

## Paradigm function:

$\text{PF}(\langle X, \sigma:\{1 \text{ pl}\} \rangle) = \text{PF}(\langle X, \sigma:\{3 \text{ pl}\} \rangle);$

otherwise,  $\text{PF}(\langle X, \sigma \rangle) = [ \text{iv} : [ \text{iii} : [ \text{ii} : [ \text{i} : \langle X, \sigma \rangle ] ] ] ].$

⟨WUP, {3 sg masc indefinite past}⟩

**WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)**

**WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)**

$\lambda x_{[3,\text{masc}]}[\text{IndefPast}(\hat{[}\text{burn\_inside}'(x)\hat{])})]$ 

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc indefinite past}\} \rangle$

**WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)**

**WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)**

$\lambda x_{[3,\text{masc}]}[\text{IndefPast}(\text{^}[\text{burn\_inside}'(x)])]$ 

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc indefinite past}\} \rangle$

**WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)**

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc remote past}\} \rangle$

**WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)**

$\lambda x_{[3,\text{masc}]}[\text{IndefPast}(\wedge[\text{burn\_inside}'(x)])]$ 

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc indefinite past}\} \rangle$

**WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)**

**WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)**

 $\lambda x_{[3,\text{masc}]}[\text{RemPast}(\wedge[\text{burn\_inside}'(x)])]$ 

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc remote past}\} \rangle$

$\lambda x_{[3,\text{masc}]}[\text{IndefPast}(\wedge[\text{burn\_inside}'(x)])]$ 

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc indefinite past}\} \rangle$

$\langle \text{WUPH}, \{3 \text{ sg masc indefinite past}\} \rangle$

**WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)**

**WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)**

 $\lambda x_{[3,\text{masc}]}[\text{RemPast}(\wedge[\text{burn\_inside}'(x)])]$ 

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc remote past}\} \rangle$

$\lambda x_{[3,\text{masc}]}[\text{IndefPast}(\wedge[\text{burn\_inside}'(x)])]$ 

⟨WUP, {3 sg masc indefinite past}⟩

 $\lambda x_{[3,\text{masc}]}[\text{IndefPast}(\wedge[\text{fly}'(x)])]$ 

⟨WUPH, {3 sg masc indefinite past}⟩

**WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)**

**WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)**

 $\lambda x_{[3,\text{masc}]}[\text{RemPast}(\wedge[\text{burn\_inside}'(x)])]$ 

⟨WUP, {3 sg masc remote past}⟩

⟨WUP, {3 sg masc indefinite past}⟩

⟨WUPH, {3 sg masc indefinite past}⟩

## WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)

⟨WUP, {3 sg masc remote past}⟩

## WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)

⟨WUP, {3 sg masc indefinite past}⟩

*f* ↓  
⟨wup, {3 sg masc **past b**}⟩

⟨WUPH, {3 sg masc indefinite past}⟩

## WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)

⟨WUP, {3 sg masc remote past}⟩

*f* ↓  
⟨wup, {3 sg masc **past c**}⟩

## WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)

⟨WUP, {3 sg masc indefinite past}⟩

*f* ↓  
⟨wup, {3 sg masc past b}⟩

↓  
*wupyōv*

⟨WUPH, {3 sg masc indefinite past}⟩

## WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)

## WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)

⟨WUP, {3 sg masc remote past}⟩

*f* ↓  
⟨wup, {3 sg masc past c}⟩

↓  
*wupyāv*

⟨WUP, {3 sg masc indefinite past}⟩

*f* ↓  
⟨wup, {3 sg masc past b}⟩

↓  
*wupyōv*

⟨WUPH, {3 sg masc indefinite past}⟩

## WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)

## WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)

⟨WUP, {3 sg masc remote past}⟩

*f* ↓  
⟨wup, {3 sg masc past c}⟩  
↓  
*wupyāv*

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc indefinite past}\} \rangle$

$f \downarrow$

$\langle wup, \{3 \text{ sg masc past b}\} \rangle$

$\downarrow$

*wupyōv*

$\langle \text{WUPH}, \{3 \text{ sg masc indefinite past}\} \rangle$

$g$

**WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)**

**WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)**

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc remote past}\} \rangle$

$f \downarrow$

$\langle wup, \{3 \text{ sg masc past c}\} \rangle$

$\downarrow$

*wupyāv*

$\langle wuph, \{3 \text{ sg masc past c}\} \rangle$

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc indefinite past}\} \rangle$

*f* ↓

$\langle wup, \{3 \text{ sg masc past b}\} \rangle$

↓

*wupyōv*

## WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc remote past}\} \rangle$

*f* ↓

$\langle wup, \{3 \text{ sg masc past c}\} \rangle$

↓

*wupyāv*

$\langle \text{WUPH}, \{3 \text{ sg masc indefinite past}\} \rangle$

*g*

## WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)

↓

$\langle wuph, \{3 \text{ sg masc past c}\} \rangle$

↓

*wuphyāv*

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc indefinite past}\} \rangle$

*f* ↓

$\langle wup, \{3 \text{ sg masc past b}\} \rangle$

↓

*wupyōv*

## WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc remote past}\} \rangle$

*f* ↓

$\langle wup, \{3 \text{ sg masc past c}\} \rangle$

↓

*wupyāv*

## WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)

⟨WUP, {3 sg masc indefinite past}⟩

*f* ↓  
⟨wup, {3 sg masc past b}⟩

↓  
*wupyōv*

## WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)

⟨WUPH, {3 sg masc recent past}⟩

## WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)

⟨WUP, {3 sg masc remote past}⟩

*f* ↓  
⟨wup, {3 sg masc past c}⟩  
↓  
*wupyāv*

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc indefinite past}\} \rangle$

$f \downarrow$   
 $\langle wup, \{3 \text{ sg masc past b}\} \rangle$

$\downarrow$   
*wupyōv*

$\lambda x_{[3,\text{masc}]} [\text{RecPast}(\hat{\ }[\text{fly}'(x)])]$



$\langle \text{WUPH}, \{3 \text{ sg masc recent past}\} \rangle$

## WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc remote past}\} \rangle$

$f \downarrow$   
 $\langle wup, \{3 \text{ sg masc past c}\} \rangle$

$\downarrow$   
*wupyāv*

## WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc indefinite past}\} \rangle$

$f \downarrow$   
 $\langle wup, \{3 \text{ sg masc past b}\} \rangle$

$\downarrow$   
*wupyōv*

$\lambda x_{[3,\text{masc}]} [\text{RecPast}(\hat{x}[\text{fly}'(x)])]$

$\uparrow$   
 $\langle \text{WUPH}, \{3 \text{ sg masc recent past}\} \rangle$

$g \downarrow$   
 $\langle wuph, \{3 \text{ sg masc past b}\} \rangle$

## WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc remote past}\} \rangle$

$f \downarrow$   
 $\langle wup, \{3 \text{ sg masc past c}\} \rangle$

$\downarrow$   
*wupyāv*

## WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc indefinite past}\} \rangle$

$f \downarrow$   
 $\langle wup, \{3 \text{ sg masc past b}\} \rangle$

$\downarrow$   
*wupyōv*

$\lambda x_{[3,\text{masc}]} [\text{RecPast}(\hat{x}[\text{fly}'(x)])]$

$\uparrow$   
 $\langle \text{WUPH}, \{3 \text{ sg masc recent past}\} \rangle$

$g \downarrow$   
 $\langle wuph, \{3 \text{ sg masc past b}\} \rangle$

$\downarrow$   
*wuphyōv*

## WUP ‘burn inside’ (Conj. II)

$\langle \text{WUP}, \{3 \text{ sg masc remote past}\} \rangle$

$f \downarrow$   
 $\langle wup, \{3 \text{ sg masc past c}\} \rangle$

$\downarrow$   
*wupyāv*

## WUPH ‘fly’ (Conj. III)

# Interim conclusions

## Interim conclusions

Two types of paradigms must be distinguished in the definition of a language's inflectional morphology: content paradigms and form paradigms. The former determine semantic interpretation; the latter determine inflectional realization.

## Interim conclusions

Two types of paradigms must be distinguished in the definition of a language's inflectional morphology: content paradigms and form paradigms. The former determine semantic interpretation; the latter determine inflectional realization.

In the simplest cases, a content paradigm is isomorphic to the form paradigm from which it gets its realizations. In more challenging cases, the relation between a content paradigm and the corresponding form paradigm is mediated by a property mapping.

## Declensional paradigm of Turkish ADAM 'man'

	Singular	Plural
Nominative	<i>adam</i>	<i>adam-lar</i>
Accusative	<i>adam-i</i>	<i>adam-lar-i</i>
Dative	<i>adam-a</i>	<i>adam-lar-a</i>
Locative	<i>adam-da</i>	<i>adam-lar-da</i>
Ablative	<i>adam-dan</i>	<i>adam-lar-dan</i>
Genitive	<i>adam-in</i>	<i>adam-lar-in</i>

# An isomorphic relation between content paradigms and form paradigms, exemplified by the declension of Turkish ADAM ‘man’

Content paradigm		Form paradigm		Realized paradigm
$\langle \text{ADAM}, \{\text{nom sg}\} \rangle$	$\Rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adam}, \{\text{nom sg}\} \rangle$	$\rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adam}, \{\text{nom sg}\} \rangle$
$\langle \text{ADAM}, \{\text{acc sg}\} \rangle$	$\Rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adam}, \{\text{acc sg}\} \rangle$	$\rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adami}, \{\text{acc sg}\} \rangle$
$\langle \text{ADAM}, \{\text{dat sg}\} \rangle$	$\Rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adam}, \{\text{dat sg}\} \rangle$	$\rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adama}, \{\text{dat sg}\} \rangle$
$\langle \text{ADAM}, \{\text{loc sg}\} \rangle$	$\Rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adam}, \{\text{loc sg}\} \rangle$	$\rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adamda}, \{\text{loc sg}\} \rangle$
$\langle \text{ADAM}, \{\text{abl sg}\} \rangle$	$\Rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adam}, \{\text{abl sg}\} \rangle$	$\rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adamdan}, \{\text{abl sg}\} \rangle$
$\langle \text{ADAM}, \{\text{gen sg}\} \rangle$	$\Rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adam}, \{\text{gen sg}\} \rangle$	$\rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adamin}, \{\text{gen sg}\} \rangle$
$\langle \text{ADAM}, \{\text{nom pl}\} \rangle$	$\Rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adam}, \{\text{nom pl}\} \rangle$	$\rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adamlar}, \{\text{nom pl}\} \rangle$
$\langle \text{ADAM}, \{\text{acc pl}\} \rangle$	$\Rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adam}, \{\text{acc pl}\} \rangle$	$\rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adamlari}, \{\text{acc pl}\} \rangle$
$\langle \text{ADAM}, \{\text{dat pl}\} \rangle$	$\Rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adam}, \{\text{dat pl}\} \rangle$	$\rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adamlara}, \{\text{dat pl}\} \rangle$
$\langle \text{ADAM}, \{\text{loc pl}\} \rangle$	$\Rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adam}, \{\text{loc pl}\} \rangle$	$\rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adamlarda}, \{\text{loc pl}\} \rangle$
$\langle \text{ADAM}, \{\text{abl pl}\} \rangle$	$\Rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adam}, \{\text{abl pl}\} \rangle$	$\rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adamlardan}, \{\text{abl pl}\} \rangle$
$\langle \text{ADAM}, \{\text{gen pl}\} \rangle$	$\Rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adam}, \{\text{gen pl}\} \rangle$	$\rightarrow$	$\langle \text{adamlarin}, \{\text{gen pl}\} \rangle$

# A non-isomorphic relation between content paradigms and form paradigms, exemplified by the conjugation of Kashmiri WUPH ‘fly’

Content paradigm	⇒	Form paradigm
⟨WUPH, {1sg masc rec past}⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {1sg masc past b ॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {2sg masc rec past}⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {2sg masc past b ॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {3sg masc rec past}⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {3sg masc past b ॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {1pl masc rec past}⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {1pl masc past b ॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {2pl masc rec past}⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {2pl masc past b ॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {3pl masc rec past}⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {3pl masc past b ॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {1sg masc indef past}⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {1sg masc past c ॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {2sg masc indef past}⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {2sg masc past c ॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {3sg masc indef past}⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {3sg masc past c ॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {1pl masc indef past}⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {1pl masc past c ॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {2pl masc indef past}⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {2pl masc past c ॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {3pl masc indef past}⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {3pl masc past c ॥}⟩

A non-isomorphic relation between content paradigms and form paradigms, exemplified by the conjugation of Kashmiri WUPH ‘fly’

Content paradigm		Form paradigm
⟨WUPH, {1sg masc <b>rec past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {1sg masc past b ॥॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {2sg masc <b>rec past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {2sg masc past b ॥॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {3sg masc <b>rec past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {3sg masc past b ॥॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {1pl masc <b>rec past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {1pl masc past b ॥॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {2pl masc <b>rec past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {2pl masc past b ॥॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {3pl masc <b>rec past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {3pl masc past b ॥॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {1sg masc <b>indef past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {1sg masc past c ॥॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {2sg masc <b>indef past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {2sg masc past c ॥॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {3sg masc <b>indef past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {3sg masc past c ॥॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {1pl masc <b>indef past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {1pl masc past c ॥॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {2pl masc <b>indef past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {2pl masc past c ॥॥}⟩
⟨WUPH, {3pl masc <b>indef past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {3pl masc past c ॥॥}⟩

A non-isomorphic relation between content paradigms and form paradigms, exemplified by the conjugation of Kashmiri WUPH ‘fly’

Content paradigm		Form paradigm
⟨WUPH, {1sg masc <b>rec past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {1sg masc <b>past b III</b> }⟩
⟨WUPH, {2sg masc <b>rec past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {2sg masc <b>past b III</b> }⟩
⟨WUPH, {3sg masc <b>rec past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {3sg masc <b>past b III</b> }⟩
⟨WUPH, {1pl masc <b>rec past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {1pl masc <b>past b III</b> }⟩
⟨WUPH, {2pl masc <b>rec past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {2pl masc <b>past b III</b> }⟩
⟨WUPH, {3pl masc <b>rec past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {3pl masc <b>past b III</b> }⟩
⟨WUPH, {1sg masc <b>indef past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {1sg masc <b>past c III</b> }⟩
⟨WUPH, {2sg masc <b>indef past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {2sg masc <b>past c III</b> }⟩
⟨WUPH, {3sg masc <b>indef past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {3sg masc <b>past c III</b> }⟩
⟨WUPH, {1pl masc <b>indef past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {1pl masc <b>past c III</b> }⟩
⟨WUPH, {2pl masc <b>indef past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {2pl masc <b>past c III</b> }⟩
⟨WUPH, {3pl masc <b>indef past</b> }⟩	⇒	⟨ <i>wuph</i> , {3pl masc <b>past c III</b> }⟩

A non-isomorphic relation between content paradigms and form paradigms, exemplified by the conjugation of Kashmiri WUPH ‘fly’

Form paradigm		Realized paradigm
$\langle wuph, \{1\text{sg masc past b } \text{   }\} \rangle$	→	<i>wuphyōs</i>
$\langle wuph, \{2\text{sg masc past b } \text{   }\} \rangle$	→	<i>wuphyōkh</i>
$\langle wuph, \{3\text{sg masc past b } \text{   }\} \rangle$	→	<i>wuphyōv</i>
$\langle wuph, \{1\text{pl masc past b } \text{   }\} \rangle$	→	<i>wuphyēy</i>
$\langle wuph, \{2\text{pl masc past b } \text{   }\} \rangle$	→	<i>wuphyēwa</i>
$\langle wuph, \{3\text{pl masc past b } \text{   }\} \rangle$	→	<i>wuphyēy</i>
$\langle wuph, \{1\text{sg masc past c } \text{   }\} \rangle$	→	<i>wuphyās</i>
$\langle wuph, \{2\text{sg masc past c } \text{   }\} \rangle$	→	<i>wuphyākh</i>
$\langle wuph, \{3\text{sg masc past c } \text{   }\} \rangle$	→	<i>wuphyāv</i>
$\langle wuph, \{1\text{pl masc past c } \text{   }\} \rangle$	→	<i>wuphyāy</i>
$\langle wuph, \{2\text{pl masc past c } \text{   }\} \rangle$	→	<i>wuphyāwa</i>
$\langle wuph, \{3\text{pl masc past c } \text{   }\} \rangle$	→	<i>wuphyāy</i>

In the Kashmiri example, the mismatch between content and form

- involves semantic content and
- is only observable through the comparison of distinct paradigms.

In the Kashmiri example, the mismatch between content and form

- involves semantic content and
- is only observable through the comparison of distinct paradigms.

But the paradigm linkage approach is also motivated by mismatches between content and form that

- involve syntactic content and
- are observable within individual paradigms.

## 7. Hua verb agreement

Haiman, John. 1980. *Hua: A Papuan language of the eastern highlands of New Guinea.* Amsterdam: Benjamins.

## Modal properties expressed by verb inflection in Hua

Indicative	Inconsequential
Interrogative	Medial: a. Coordinate b. Subordinate
Relative	Exclamatory
Purposive	Assertive
Concessive-expectant	Counterfactual: a. Protasis b. Apodosis

## Three verb types in Hua (interrogative forms)

Type I:

HU 'do'

'Did I do? ...'

Type II:

DO 'eat'

'Did I eat? ...'

Type III:

MI 'give'

'Did I give?...'

hu-ve

do-ve

mu-ve

ha-pe

da-pe

mi-pe

hi-ve

de-ve

mi-ve

hu-'ve

do-'ve

mu-'ve

ha-'ve

da-'ve

mi-'ve

hu-pe

do-pe

mu-pe

ha-ve

da-ve

mi-ve

## Three verb types in Hua (interrogative forms)

Type I:

HU 'do'

'Did I do? ...'

Type II:

DO 'eat'

'Did I eat? ...'

Type III:

MI 'give'

'Did I give?...'

hu-**ve**

do-**ve**

mu-**ve**

ha-pe

da-pe

mi-pe

hi-**ve**

de-**ve**

mi-**ve**

hu-'ve

do-'ve

mu-'ve

ha-'ve

da-'ve

mi-'ve

hu-pe

do-pe

mu-pe

ha-**ve**

da-**ve**

mi-**ve**

## Three verb types in Hua (interrogative forms)

Type I:

HU 'do'

'Did I do? ...'

Type II:

DO 'eat'

'Did I eat? ...'

Type III:

MI 'give'

'Did I give?...'

hu-ve

do-ve

mu-ve

ha-pe

da-pe

mi-pe

hi-ve

de-ve

mi-ve

hu-'**ve**

do-'**ve**

mu-'**ve**

ha-'**ve**

da-'**ve**

mi-'**ve**

hu-pe

do-pe

mu-pe

ha-ve

da-ve

mi-ve

## Three verb types in Hua (interrogative forms)

Type I:

HU 'do'

'Did I do? ...'

Type II:

DO 'eat'

'Did I eat? ...'

Type III:

MI 'give'

'Did I give?...'

hu-ve

do-ve

mu-ve

ha-pe

da-pe

mi-pe

hi-ve

de-ve

mi-ve

hu-'ve

do-'ve

mu-'ve

ha-'ve

da-'ve

mi-'ve

hu-pe

do-pe

mu-pe

ha-ve

da-ve

mi-ve

## Three verb types in Hua (interrogative forms)

Type I:

HU 'do'

'Did I do? ...'

Type II:

DO 'eat'

'Did I eat? ...'

Type III:

MI 'give'

'Did I give?...'

hu-ve

do-ve

mu-ve

ha-pe

da-pe

mi-pe

hi-ve

de-ve

mi-ve

hu'-ve

do'-ve

mu'-ve

ha'-ve

da'-ve

mi'-ve

hu-pe

do-pe

mu-pe

ha-ve

da-ve

mi-ve

## Three verb types in Hua (interrogative forms)

Type I:

HU 'do'

'Did I do? ...'

Type II:

DO 'eat'

'Did I eat? ...'

Type III:

MI 'give'

'Did I give?...'

hu-ve

do-ve

mu-ve

ha-pe

da-pe

mi-pe

hi-ve

de-ve

mi-ve

hu-'ve

do-'ve

mu-'ve

ha-'ve

da-'ve

mi-'ve

hu-pe

do-pe

mu-pe

ha-ve

da-ve

mi-ve

## Three verb types in Hua (interrogative forms)

Type I:

HU 'do'

'Did I do? ...'

Type II:

DO 'eat'

'Did I eat? ...'

Type III:

MI 'give'

'Did I give?...'

hu-ve

do-ve

mu-ve

ha-pe

da-pe

mi-pe

**hi**-ve

**de**-ve

**mi**-ve

hu-'ve

do-'ve

mu-'ve

ha-'ve

da-'ve

mi-'ve

hu-pe

do-pe

mu-pe

ha-ve

da-ve

mi-ve

## Stem ablaut in Hua verbs

Type I:

HU 'do'

Type II:

DO 'eat'

Type III:

MI 'give'

hu-

do-

mu-

ha-

da-

mi-

hi-

de-

mi-

## Stem ablaut in Hua verbs

	Type I: HU 'do'	Type II: DO 'eat'	Type III: MI 'give'	
1	hu-	do-	mu-	back
2	ha-	da-	mi-	
3	hi-	de-	mi-	

## Stem ablaut in Hua verbs

	Type I: HU 'do'	Type II: DO 'eat'	Type III: MI 'give'	
1	hu-	do-	mu-	back
2	ha-	da-	mi-	
3	hi-	de-	mi-	front

## Stem ablaut in Hua verbs

	Type I: HU 'do'	Type II: DO 'eat'	Type III: MI 'give'	
1	hu-	do-	mu-	back
2	ha-	da-	mi-	diagonal
3	hi-	de-	mi-	front

## Stem ablaut in Hua verbs

	Type I: HU 'do'	Type II: DO 'eat'	Type III: MI 'give'
<b>Root</b>	hu-	do	mi-
	hu-	do-	mu-
	ha-	da-	mi-
	hi-	de-	mi-

## Stem ablaut in Hua verbs

Type I:    Type II:    Type III:  
HU 'do'    DO 'eat'    MI 'give'

hu-                  do                  mi-

hu-                  do-                  mu-

ha-                  da-                  mi-

hi-                  de-                  mi-

Rules of stem ablaut

## Stem ablaut in Hua verbs

Type I: HU 'do'  
Type II: DO 'eat'  
Type III: MI 'give'

hu-            do            mi-

Rules of stem ablaut

1

hu-            do-            mu-

V → [-front]

ha-            da-            mi-

hi-            de-            mi-

## Stem ablaut in Hua verbs

Type I:    Type II:    Type III:  
HU 'do'    DO 'eat'    MI 'give'

hu-              do              mi-

hu-              do-              mu-

ha-              da-              mi-

3

hi-              de-              mi-

Rules of stem ablaut

V → [-front]

V → [+front]

## Stem ablaut in Hua verbs

Type I: HU 'do'  
 Type II: DO 'eat'  
 Type III: MI 'give'

hu-            do            mi-

hu-            do-            mu-

2

ha-            da-            mi-

hi-            de-            mi-

Rules of stem ablaut

V → [-front]

V  
[-front] → [+low]

V → [+front]

## Three verb types in Hua (interrogative forms)

Type I:

HU 'do'

'Did I do? ...'

Type II:

DO 'eat'

'Did I eat? ...'

Type III:

MI 'give'

'Did I give?...'

hu-ve

do-ve

mu-ve

ha-pe

da-pe

mi-pe

hi-ve

de-ve

mi-ve

hu-'ve

do-'ve

mu-'ve

ha-'ve

da-'ve

mi-'ve

hu-pe

do-pe

mu-pe

ha-ve

da-ve

mi-ve

# Interrogative forms in Hua, arranged by form

## Type I: HU 'do'

	A	B	C
1	hu-ve	hu-'ve	hu-pe
2	ha-ve	ha-'ve	ha-pe
3	hi-ve		

## Type II: DO 'eat'

	A	B	C
1	do-ve	do-'ve	do-pe
2	da-ve	da-'ve	da-pe
3	de-ve		

## Type III: MI 'give'

	A	B	C
1	mu-ve	mu-'ve	mu-pe
2	mi-ve	mi-'ve	mi-pe
3	mi-ve		

# Interrogative forms in Hua, arranged by form

## Type I: HU 'do'

	A	B	C
1	hu-ve		
2	ha-ve		
3	hi-ve		

## Type II: DO 'eat'

	A	B	C
1	de	do-pe	
2	de	da-pe	

Word forms in each row  
share the same ablaut  
grade.

	A	B	C
1	mu-ve	mu-'ve	mu-pe
2	mi-ve	mi-'ve	mi-pe
3	mi-ve		

# Interrogative forms in Hua, arranged by form

## Type I: HU 'do'

	A	B	C
--	---	---	---

1	hu-ve	hu-'ve	hu-pe
---	-------	--------	-------

2	ha-ve	ha-'ve	ha-pe
---	-------	--------	-------

3	hi-ve		
---	-------	--	--

## Type II: DO 'eat'

	A	B	C
--	---	---	---

1	do-ve	do-'ve	do-pe
---	-------	--------	-------

2	da-ve	da-'ve	da-pe
---	-------	--------	-------

3	de-ve		
---	-------	--	--

## Type III: MI 'give'

	A	B	C
--	---	---	---

1	mu-ve	mu-'ve	mu-pe
---	-------	--------	-------

2	mi-ve	mi-'ve	mi-pe
---	-------	--------	-------

3	mi-ve		
---	-------	--	--

# Interrogative forms in Hua, arranged by form

## Type I: hu 'do'

	A	B	C
1	hu-ve	hu-'ve	hu-pe
2	ha-ve	ha-'ve	ha-pe
3	hi-ve		

## Type II: do 'eat'

	A	B	C
1	do-ve	do-'ve	do-pe
2	da-ve	da-'ve	da-pe
3	de-ve		

## Type III: mi 'give'

	A	B	C
1	mu-ve	mu-'ve	mu-pe
2	mi-ve	mi-'ve	mi-pe
3	mi-ve		

# Interrogative forms in Hua, arranged by form

## Type I: hu 'do'

	A	B	C
--	---	---	---

1	hu-ve	hu-'ve	hu-pe
---	-------	--------	-------

2	ha-ve	ha-'ve	ha-pe
---	-------	--------	-------

3	hi-ve	
---	-------	--

## Type II: do 'eat'

	A	B	C
--	---	---	---

1	do-ve	do-'ve	do-pe
---	-------	--------	-------

2	da-ve	da-'ve	da-pe
---	-------	--------	-------

3	de-ve	
---	-------	--

## Type III: mi 'give'

	A	B	C
--	---	---	---

1	mu-ve	mu-'ve	mu-pe
---	-------	--------	-------

2	mi-ve	mi-'ve	mi-pe
---	-------	--------	-------

3	mi-ve	
---	-------	--

# Interrogative forms in Hua, arranged by form

Type I: HU 'do'

	A	B	C
1	hu-ve		
2	ha-ve		
3	hi-ve		

Type II: DO 'eat'

	A	B	C
1		do-pe	
2		da-pe	

Word forms in each column  
share the same suffix.

	A	B	C
1	mu-ve	mu-'ve	mu-pe
2	mi-ve	mi-'ve	mi-pe
3	mi-ve		

# Interrogative forms in Hua, arranged by form

## Type I: HU 'do'

	A	B	C
1	hu- <b>ve</b>	hu-'ve	hu-pe
2	ha- <b>ve</b>	ha-'ve	ha-pe
3	hi- <b>ve</b>		

## Type II: DO 'eat'

	A	B	C
1	do- <b>ve</b>	do-'ve	do-pe
2	da- <b>ve</b>	da-'ve	da-pe
3	de- <b>ve</b>		

## Type III: MI 'give'

	A	B	C
1	mu- <b>ve</b>	mu-'ve	mu-pe
2	mi- <b>ve</b>	mi-'ve	mi-pe
3	mi- <b>ve</b>		

# Interrogative forms in Hua, arranged by form

## Type I: hu 'do'

	A	B	C
1	hu-ve	hu-' <b>ve</b>	hu-pe
2	ha-ve	ha-' <b>ve</b>	ha-pe
3	hi-ve		

## Type II: do 'eat'

	A	B	C
1	do-ve	do-' <b>ve</b>	do-pe
2	da-ve	da-' <b>ve</b>	da-pe
3	de-ve		

## Type III: mi 'give'

	A	B	C
1	mu-ve	mu-' <b>ve</b>	mu-pe
2	mi-ve	mi-' <b>ve</b>	mi-pe
3	mi-ve		

# Interrogative forms in Hua, arranged by form

## Type I: HU 'do'

	A	B	C
1	hu-ve	hu-'ve	hu-pe
2	ha-ve	ha-'ve	ha-pe
3	hi-ve		

## Type II: DO 'eat'

	A	B	C
1	do-ve	do-'ve	do-pe
2	da-ve	da-'ve	da-pe
3	de-ve		

## Type III: MI 'give'

	A	B	C
1	mu-ve	mu-'ve	mu-pe
2	mi-ve	mi-'ve	mi-pe
3	mi-ve		

# Interrogative forms in Hua, arranged by form

Type I: HU 'do'

	A	B	C
1	hu-ve	hu-'ve	hu-pe
2	ha-ve	ha-'ve	ha-pe
3	hi-ve		

Type II: DO 'eat'

	A	B	C
1	do-ve	do-'ve	do-pe
2	da-ve	da-'ve	da-pe
3	de-ve		

Type III: MI 'give'

	A	B	C
1	mu-ve	mu-'ve	mu-pe
2	mi-ve	mi-'ve	mi-pe
3	mi-ve		

# Interrogative forms in Hua, arranged by content

Type I: HU 'do'			
	SG	DU	PL
1 <sup>st</sup>	hu-ve	hu-'ve	hu-pe
2 <sup>nd</sup>	ha-pe	ha-'ve	ha-ve
3 <sup>rd</sup>	hi-ve	"	"

Type II: DO 'eat'			
	SG	DU	PL
1 <sup>st</sup>	do-ve	do-'ve	do-pe
2 <sup>nd</sup>	da-pe	da-'ve	da-ve
3 <sup>rd</sup>	de-ve	"	"

Type III: MI 'give'			
	SG	DU	PL
1 <sup>st</sup>	mu-ve	mu-'ve	mu-pe
2 <sup>nd</sup>	mi-pe	mi-'ve	mi-ve
3 <sup>rd</sup>	mi-ve	"	"

# Interrogative forms in Hua, arranged by content

Type I: HU 'do'				Type II: DO 'eat'			
	SG	DU	PL		SG	DU	PL
1 <sup>st</sup>	hu-ve	hu-'ve	hu-pe	1 <sup>st</sup>	do-ve	do-'ve	do-pe
2 <sup>nd</sup>	ha-pe	ha-'ve	ha-ve	2 <sup>nd</sup>	da-pe	da-'ve	da-ve
3 <sup>rd</sup>	hi-ve	"	"	3 <sup>rd</sup>	de-ve	"	"

	Type III: MI 'give'		
	SG	DU	PL
1 <sup>st</sup>	mu-ve	mu-'ve	mu-pe
2 <sup>nd</sup>	mi-pe	mi-'ve	mi-ve
3 <sup>rd</sup>	mi-ve	"	"

# Interrogative forms in Hua, arranged by content

Type I: HU 'do'			
	SG	DU	PL
1 <sup>st</sup>	hu-ve	hu-'ve	hu-pe
2 <sup>nd</sup>	ha-pe	ha-'ve	ha-ve
3 <sup>rd</sup>	hi-ve	"	"

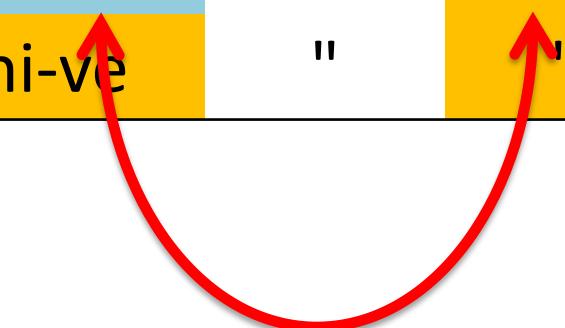
Type II: DO 'eat'			
	SG	DU	PL
1 <sup>st</sup>	do-ve	do-'ve	do-pe
2 <sup>nd</sup>	da-pe	da-'ve	da-ve
3 <sup>rd</sup>	de-ve	"	"

Type III: MI 'give'			
	SG	DU	PL
1 <sup>st</sup>	mu-ve	mu-'ve	mu-pe
2 <sup>nd</sup>	mi-pe	mi-'ve	mi-ve
3 <sup>rd</sup>	mi-ve	"	"

## Type I: HU 'do'

arranged by content

	SG	DU	PL
1	hu-ve	hu-'ve	hu-pe
2	ha-pe	ha-'ve	ha-ve
3	hi-ve	"	"



arranged by form

	A	DU	C
1	hu-ve	hu-'ve	hu-pe
2	ha-ve	ha-'ve	ha-pe
3	hi-ve		

## Type I: HU 'do'

arranged by content

	SG	DU	PL
1	hu-ve	hu-'ve	hu-pe
2	ha-pe	ha-'ve	ha-ve
3	hi-ve	"	"

arranged by form

	A	DU	C
1	hu-ve	hu-'ve	hu-pe
2	ha-ve	ha-'ve	ha-pe
3	hi-ve		

1sg	1du	1pl
2pl	2du	2sg
3sg		

## Subject markers in Hua

	Indicative	Interrogative	Relative	Purposive	Concessive-expectant	Inconsequential	Medial		Exclamatory	Assertive	Counterfactual	
A	-e	-ve	-ma'	-mi'	-va	-mana	-ga	-ma	-mane	-mae	-hipana	-hine
DU	'e	've	'ma'	'mi'	'va	'mana	'ga	'ma	'mane	'mae	'hipana	'hine
C	-ne	-pe	-pa'	-pi'	-pa	-pana	-na	-pa	-pane	-pae	-sipana	-sine

The property C in this analysis is not a morphosyntactic property, since syntax is insensitive to it; it is instead a morphomic property.

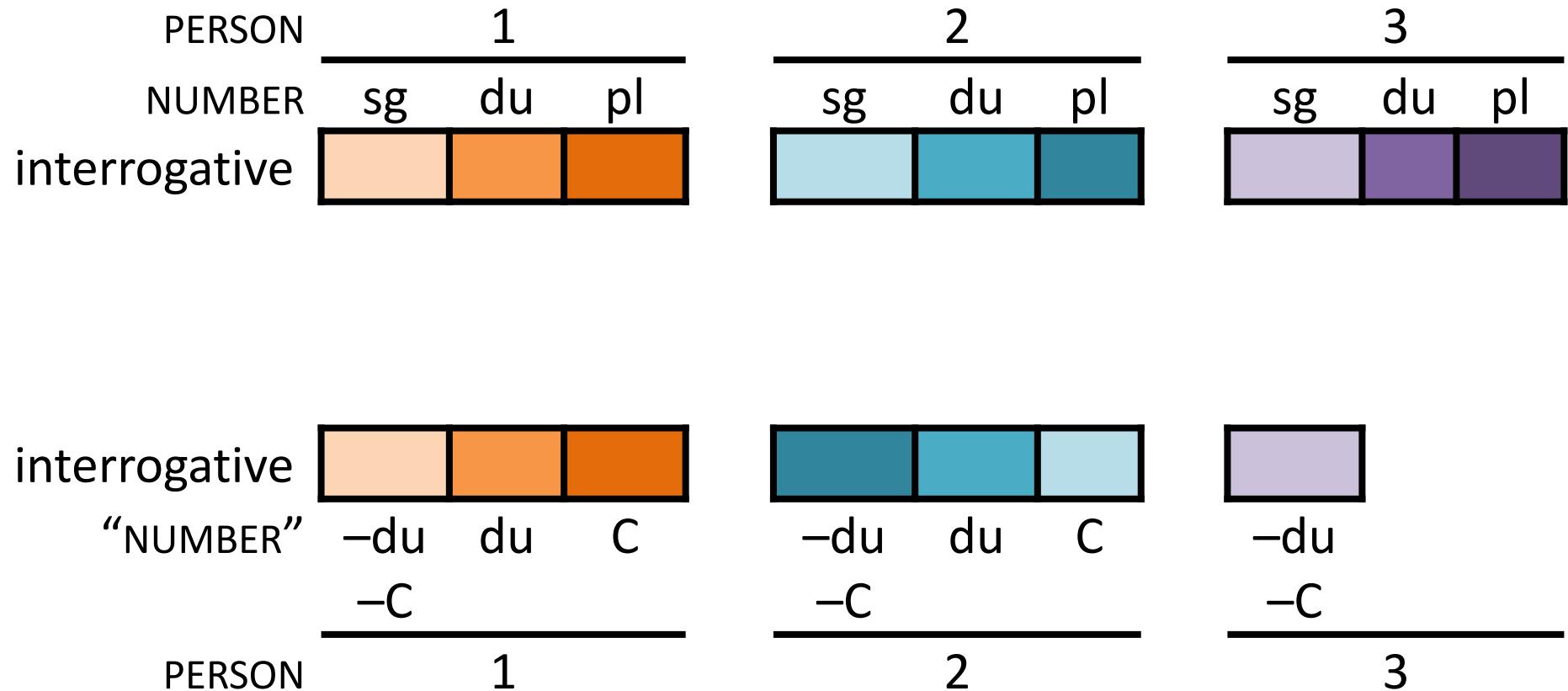
The property C in this analysis is not a morphosyntactic property, since syntax is insensitive to it; it is instead a morphomic property.

(Property A is ‘not dual and not C’.)

# A paradigm-linkage analysis of Hua verb inflection

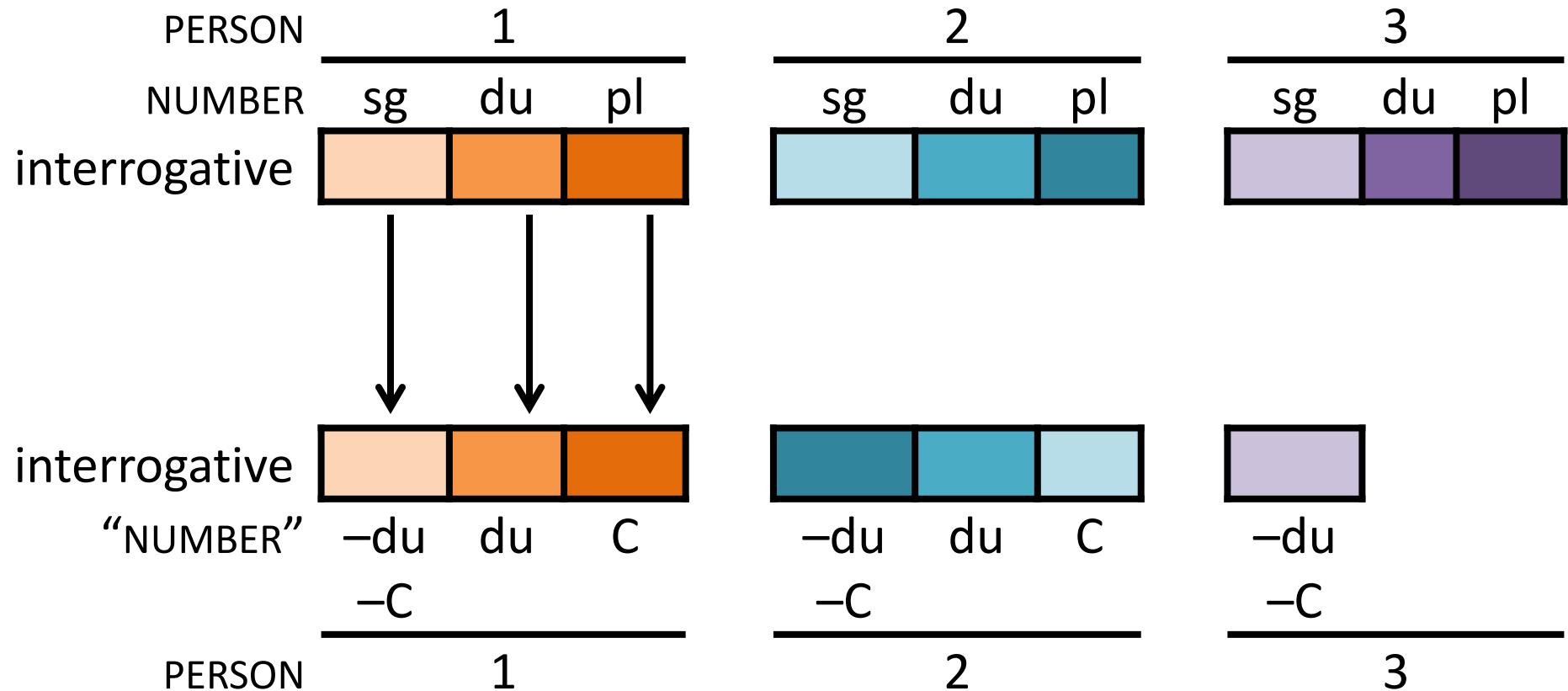
# Hua verb agreement

Mismatch between content and form in Hua verbal paradigms



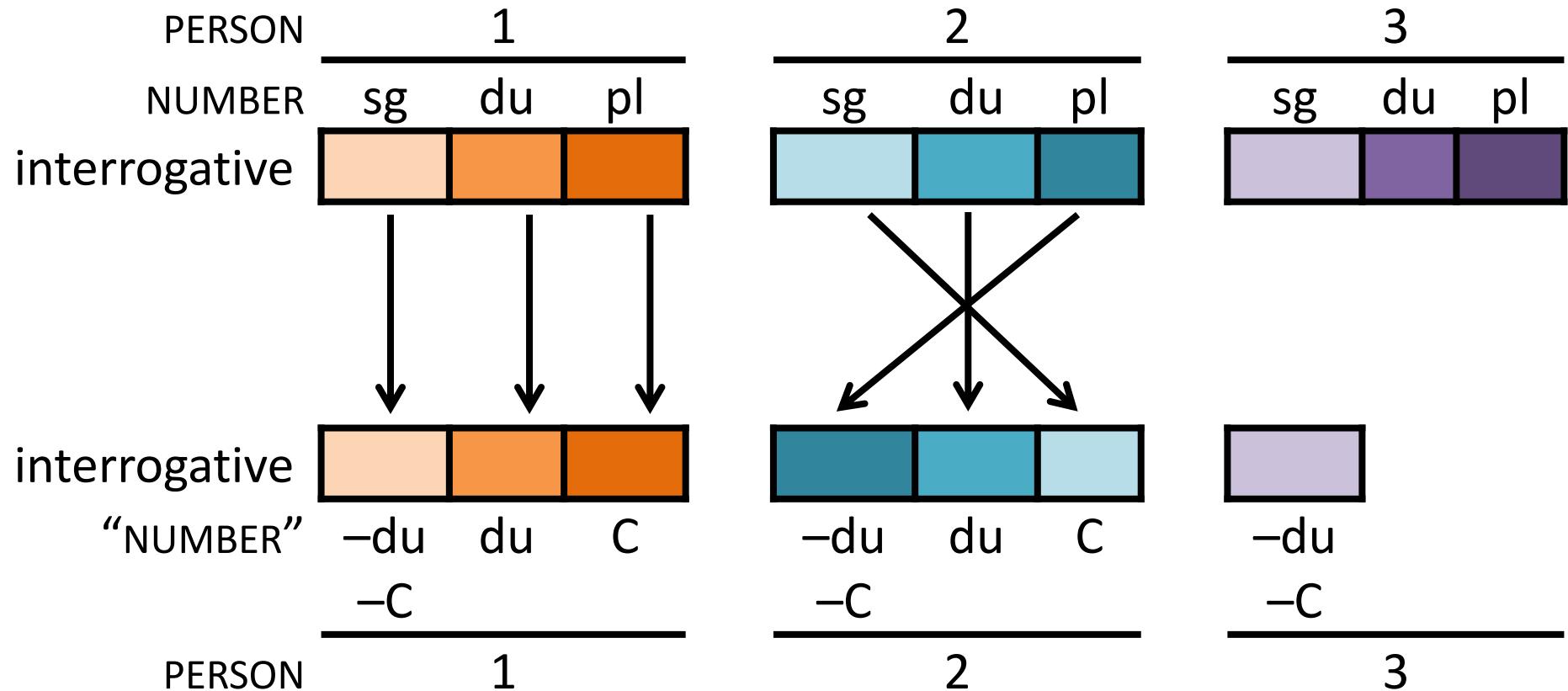
# Hua verb agreement

## Mismatch between content and form in Hua verbal paradigms



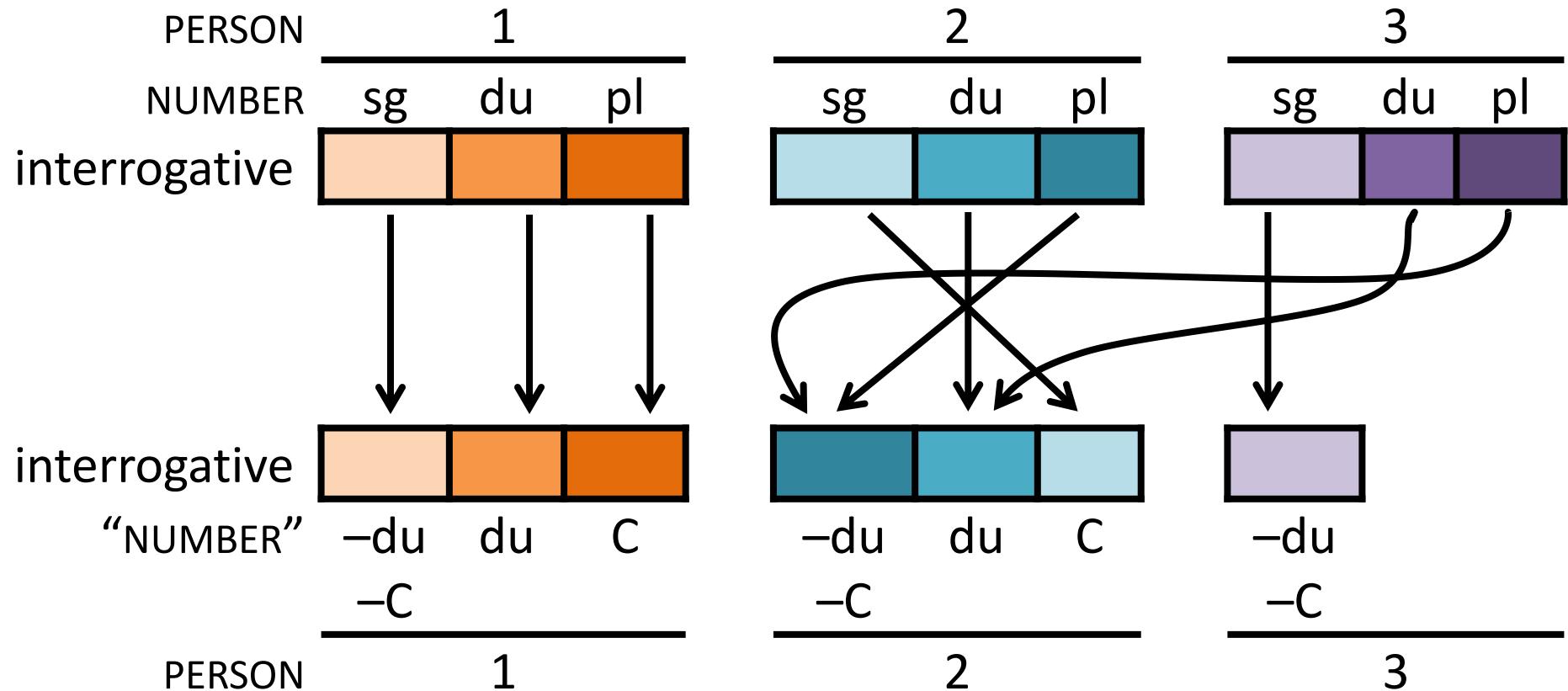
# Hua verb agreement

## Mismatch between content and form in Hua verbal paradigms



## Hua verb agreement

## Mismatch between content and form in Hua verbal paradigms



## The Hua property mapping $pm$

Intensional definition	Extensional definition	
	$\sigma$	$pm(\sigma)$
$pm(\sigma:\{2, \text{ sg}\}) = \sigma[\text{sg}/C]$	{1, sg ...}	{1, sg ...}
$pm(\sigma:\{1, \text{ pl}\}) = \sigma[\text{pl}/C]$	{2, sg ...}	{2, C ...}
$pm(\sigma:\{3 \text{ sg}\}) = \sigma$	{3, sg ...}	{3, sg ...}
$pm(\sigma:\{3\}) = \sigma[3/2]$	{1, du ...}	{1, du ...}
$pm(\sigma:\{\}) = \sigma$	{2, du ...}	{2, du ...}
( $\sigma:\{X\}$ is a variable over supersets of {X}; $\sigma[a/b]$ is the result of replacing $a$ with $b$ in $\sigma$ .)	{3, du ...}	{2, du ...}
	{1, pl ...}	{1, C ...}
	{2, pl ...}	{2, pl ...}
	{3, pl ...}	{2, pl ...}

## The Hua property mapping $pm$

### Intensional definition

$$pm(\sigma:\{2, \text{sg}\}) = \sigma[\text{sg}/C]$$

$$pm(\sigma:\{1, \text{pl}\}) = \sigma[\text{pl}/C]$$

$$pm(\sigma:\{3 \text{ sg}\}) = \sigma$$

$$pm(\sigma:\{3\}) = \sigma[3/2]$$

$$pm(\sigma:\{\}) = \sigma$$

$(\sigma:\{X\})$  is a variable over supersets of  $\{X\}$ ;

$\sigma[a/b]$  is the result of replacing  $a$  with  $b$  in  $\sigma$ .)

### Extensional definition

$\sigma$	$pm(\sigma)$
$\{1, \text{sg} \dots\}$	$\{1, \text{sg} \dots\}$
$\{2, \text{sg} \dots\}$	$\{2, C \dots\}$
$\{3, \text{sg} \dots\}$	$\{3, \text{sg} \dots\}$
$\{1, \text{du} \dots\}$	$\{1, \text{du} \dots\}$
$\{2, \text{du} \dots\}$	$\{2, \text{du} \dots\}$
$\{3, \text{du} \dots\}$	$\{2, \text{du} \dots\}$
$\{1, \text{pl} \dots\}$	$\{1, C \dots\}$
$\{2, \text{pl} \dots\}$	$\{2, \text{pl} \dots\}$
$\{3, \text{pl} \dots\}$	$\{2, \text{pl} \dots\}$

## The Hua property mapping $pm$

Intensional definition	Extensional definition	
	$\sigma$	$pm(\sigma)$
$pm(\sigma:\{2, \text{ sg}\}) = \sigma[\text{sg}/C]$	{1, sg ...}	{1, sg ...}
$pm(\sigma:\{1, \text{ pl}\}) = \sigma[\text{pl}/C]$	{2, sg ...}	{2, C ...}
$pm(\sigma:\{3 \text{ sg}\}) = \sigma$	{3, sg ...}	{3, sg ...}
$pm(\sigma:\{3\}) = \sigma[3/2]$	{1, du ...}	{1, du ...}
$pm(\sigma:\{\}) = \sigma$	{2, du ...}	{2, du ...}
{ $\sigma:\{X\}$ is a variable over supersets of {X}; $\sigma[a/b]$ is the result of replacing $a$ with $b$ in $\sigma$ .)	{3, du ...}	{2, du ...}
	{1, pl ...}	{1, C ...}
	{2, pl ...}	{2, pl ...}
	{3, pl ...}	{2, pl ...}

## The Hua property mapping $pm$

### Intensional definition

$$pm(\sigma:\{2, \text{ sg}\}) = \sigma[\text{sg}/C]$$

$$pm(\sigma:\{1, \text{ pl}\}) = \sigma[\text{pl}/C]$$

$$pm(\sigma:\{3 \text{ sg}\}) = \sigma$$

$$pm(\sigma:\{3\}) = \sigma[3/2]$$

$$pm(\sigma:\{\}) = \sigma$$

( $\sigma:\{X\}$  is a variable over supersets of  $\{X\}$ ;

$\sigma[a/b]$  is the result of replacing  $a$  with  $b$  in  $\sigma$ .)

### Extensional definition

$\sigma$	$pm(\sigma)$
{1, sg ...}	{1, sg ...}
{2, sg ...}	{2, C ...}
{3, sg ...}	{3, sg ...}
{1, du ...}	{1, du ...}
{2, du ...}	{2, du ...}
{3, du ...}	{2, du ...}
{1, pl ...}	{1, C ...}
{2, pl ...}	{2, pl ...}
{3, pl ...}	{2, pl ...}

## The Hua property mapping $pm$

Intensional definition	Extensional definition	
	$\sigma$	$pm(\sigma)$
$pm(\sigma:\{2, \text{ sg}\}) = \sigma[\text{sg}/C]$	{1, sg ...}	{1, sg ...}
$pm(\sigma:\{1, \text{ pl}\}) = \sigma[\text{pl}/C]$	{2, sg ...}	{2, C ...}
$pm(\sigma:\{3 \text{ sg}\}) = \sigma$	{3, sg ...}	{3, sg ...}
$pm(\sigma:\{3\}) = \sigma[3/2]$	{1, du ...}	{1, du ...}
$pm(\sigma:\{\}) = \sigma$	{2, du ...}	{2, du ...}
( $\sigma:\{X\}$ is a variable over supersets of {X}; $\sigma[a/b]$ is the result of replacing $a$ with $b$ in $\sigma$ .)	{3, du ...}	{2, du ...}
	{1, pl ...}	{1, C ...}
	{2, pl ...}	{2, pl ...}
	{3, pl ...}	{2, pl ...}

# Interrogative paradigms of the Hua verb HU ‘do’

Content paradigm		
⟨ HU, {1sg intrg} ⟩	⟨ HU, {1du intrg} ⟩	⟨ HU, {1pl intrg} ⟩
⟨ HU, {2sg intrg} ⟩	⟨ HU, {2du intrg} ⟩	⟨ HU, {2pl intrg} ⟩
⟨ HU, {3sg intrg} ⟩	⟨ HU, {3du intrg} ⟩	⟨ HU, {3pl intrg} ⟩
Form paradigm		
⟨ <i>hu</i> , {1sg intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>hu</i> , {1du intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>hu</i> , {1C intrg} ⟩
⟨ <i>hu</i> , {2pl intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>hu</i> , {2du intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>hu</i> , {2C intrg} ⟩
⟨ <i>hu</i> , {3sg intrg} ⟩		
Realized paradigm		
⟨ <i>hu-ve</i> , {1sg intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>hu-’ve</i> , {1du intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>hu-pe</i> , {1C intrg} ⟩
⟨ <i>ha-ve</i> , {2pl intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>ha-’ve</i> , {2du intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>ha-pe</i> , {1C intrg} ⟩
⟨ <i>hi-ve</i> , {3sg intrg} ⟩		

# Interrogative paradigms of the Hua verb HU ‘do’

## Content paradigm

⟨ HU, {1sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {1du intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {1pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {2sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {2du intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {2pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {3sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {3du intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {3pl intrg} ⟩

## Form paradigm

⟨ *hu*, {1sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {1du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {1C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {2pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {2du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {2C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {3sg intrg} ⟩

## Realized paradigm

⟨ *hu-ve*, {1sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu-’ve*, {1du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu-pe*, {1C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *ha-ve*, {2pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ *ha-’ve*, {2du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *ha-pe*, {1C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hi-ve*, {3sg intrg} ⟩

# Interrogative paradigms of the Hua verb HU ‘do’

## Content paradigm

⟨ HU, {1sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {1du intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {1pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {2sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {2du intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {2pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {3sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {3du intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {3pl intrg} ⟩

## Form paradigm

⟨ *hu*, {1sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {1du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {1C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {2pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {2du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {2C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {3sg intrg} ⟩

## Realized paradigm

⟨ *hu-ve*, {1sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu-’ve*, {1du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu-pe*, {1C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *ha-ve*, {2pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ *ha-’ve*, {2du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *ha-pe*, {1C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hi-ve*, {3sg intrg} ⟩

# Interrogative paradigms of the Hua verb HU ‘do’

## Content paradigm

⟨ HU, {1sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {1du intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {1pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {2sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {2du intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {2pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {3sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {3du intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {3pl intrg} ⟩

## Form paradigm

⟨ *hu*, {1sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {1du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {1C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {2pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {2du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {2C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {3sg intrg} ⟩

## Realized paradigm

⟨ *hu-ve*, {1sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu-’ve*, {1du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu-pe*, {1C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *ha-ve*, {2pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ *ha-’ve*, {2du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *ha-pe*, {1C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hi-ve*, {3sg intrg} ⟩

# Interrogative paradigms of the Hua verb HU ‘do’

## Content paradigm

⟨ HU, {1sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {1du intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {1pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {2sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {2du intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {2pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {3sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {3du intrg} ⟩

⟨ HU, {3pl intrg} ⟩

## Form paradigm

⟨ *hu*, {1sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {1du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {1C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {2pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {2du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {2C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu*, {3sg intrg} ⟩

## Realized paradigm

⟨ *hu-ve*, {1sg intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu-’ve*, {1du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hu-pe*, {1C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *ha-ve*, {2pl intrg} ⟩

⟨ *ha-’ve*, {2du intrg} ⟩

⟨ *ha-pe*, {1C intrg} ⟩

⟨ *hi-ve*, {3sg intrg} ⟩

# Interrogative paradigms of the Hua verb HU ‘do’

Content paradigm		
⟨ HU, {1sg intrg} ⟩	⟨ HU, {1du intrg} ⟩	⟨ HU, {1pl intrg} ⟩
⟨ HU, {2sg intrg} ⟩	⟨ HU, {2du intrg} ⟩	⟨ HU, {2pl intrg} ⟩
⟨ HU, {3sg intrg} ⟩	⟨ HU, {3du intrg} ⟩	⟨ HU, {3pl intrg} ⟩
Form paradigm		
⟨ <i>hu</i> , {1sg intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>hu</i> , {1du intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>hu</i> , {1C intrg} ⟩
⟨ <i>hu</i> , {2pl intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>hu</i> , {2du intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>hu</i> , {2C intrg} ⟩
⟨ <i>hu</i> , {3sg intrg} ⟩		
Realized paradigm		
⟨ <i>hu-ve</i> , {1sg intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>hu-’ve</i> , {1du intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>hu-pe</i> , {1C intrg} ⟩
⟨ <i>ha-ve</i> , {2pl intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>ha-’ve</i> , {2du intrg} ⟩	⟨ <i>ha-pe</i> , {1C intrg} ⟩
⟨ <i>hi-ve</i> , {3sg intrg} ⟩		

# 8. Summary

# Mismatches between content and form

Mismatch	Observable in the realization of a single paradigm	Observable across paradigms
<b>different content, same form</b>	<b>the Hua 'C' inflection</b>	
<b>same content, different form</b>		<b>the Kashmiri 'a', 'b', 'c' and 'd' inflections</b>

# Mismatches between content and form

Mismatch	Observable in the realization of a single paradigm	Observable across paradigms
<b>different content, same form</b>	<b>syncretism</b> (CLING)	<b>deponency</b> (PARĀRE ‘prepare’ vs CŌNĀRĪ ‘try’) <b>homomorphy</b> (WEAR ‘have on’ vs WEAR ‘abrade’) <b>polyfunctionality</b> (Khanty <i>xo:t-e:m</i> ‘my house’ vs <i>we:r-l-e:m</i> ‘I make (it)’)
<b>same content, different form</b>	<b>stem allomorphy</b> (KNIFE) <b>overabundance</b> ( <i>dreamed</i> vs <i>dreamt</i> )	<b>defectiveness</b> ( <i>je fris</i> vs * <i>nous frisons</i> ) <b>inflection-class allomorphy</b> ( <i>mean-t</i> vs <i>lean-ed</i> )

Cambridge Studies in Linguistics 149

# Inflectional Paradigms

Content and Form at  
the Syntax-Morphology  
Interface

Gregory Stump

# Thank you!

*John left.*

$\exists t [PAST(t) \ \& \ AT(t, \ ^[\text{leave}'(\text{John}')])]$

*John left.*

$\exists t [PAST(t) \And AT(t, ^[leave'(John')])]$



Quantificational component

*John left.*

$$\exists t [ \text{PAST}(t) \And \text{AT}(t, \wedge [\text{leave}'(\text{John}')]) ]$$


Predicative component

*John left.*

$\exists t [PAST(t) \ \& \ AT(t, \ ^{\wedge}[\text{leave}'(\text{John}')])]$



Situative component

*John left.*

$\exists t [PAST(t) \ \& \ AT(t, \ ^{\wedge}[\text{leave}'(\text{John}')])]$



Situative component

*leave*  $\Rightarrow$  **leave'**

*left*  $\Rightarrow$   $\lambda x [PAST(t) \ \& \ AT(t, \ ^{\wedge}[\text{leave}'(x)])]$